Terms of Publication.

THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN, Office in Sayers' building, east of the Court House, is published every Wednesday morning, at $2 per annum, IN ADVANCE, or $2 50 if not paid within the year. **All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.** No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To ensure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as guaranty against imposition.

All letters pertaining to business of the office must be addressed to the Editor.

The Waynesburg Republican.

JAS. E. SAYERS, FIRMNESS IN THE RIGHT AS GOD GIVES US TO SEE THE RIGHT.—*Lincoln.* EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

VOL. XI. WAYNESBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1867. NO. 12.

Terms of Advertising AND JOB WORK.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 50 per square for three insertions, and 50 cents per square for each additional insertion; (ten lines or less counted a square). All transient advertisements to be paid for in advance.

BUSINESS NOTICES set under the head of local news will be charged invariably 10 cents a line for each insertion.

A liberal deduction made to persons advertising by the quarter, half-year or year. Special notices charged one-half more than regular advertisements.

JOB PRINTING of every kind in Plain and Fancy colors; Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards Pamphlets, &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice. The REPUBLICAN OFFICE has just been re-fitted, and every thing in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.

Poetry.

CAUTIONARY QUOTATION.

Marriage is like a flaming candle light
Placed in the window on a summer night,
Inviting all the insects of the air
To come and singe their pretty winglets there,
Those that are out butt heads against the pane
Those that are in butt to get out again!

Select Reading

JIM WOLF AND THE TOM-CATS.

Here is one of Mark Twain's good stories. He knows how to make the reader laugh, and if the following does not provoke a smile, it is because there is no mirth in mankind during the hot weather:

I knew by the sympathetic glow upon his bald head—I knew by the thoughtful look upon his face—I knew by the emotional flush upon the strawberry on the end of the old free liver's nose, that Simon Wheeler's memory was busy with the olden time. And so I prepared to leave, because all these were symptoms of a reminiscence—signs that he was going to be delivered of another of his tiresome personal experiences—but I was too slow; he got the start of me. As nearly as I can recollect, the infliction was couched in the following language:

"We were all boys, then, and didn't care for nothing, and didn't have no troubles, and didn't worry about nothing only how to shirk school and keep up a revivin' state of devilment all the time. This-var Jim Wolf I was a talking about, was a 'prentice, and he was the best hearted feller, he was, and the most forgivin' and unselfish I ever see—well, there couldn't be a more bullier boy than what he was, take him how you would; and sorry enough I was when I seen him for the last time.

"Me and Henry was always pestering him and plastering hoss bills on his back, and putting bumble bees in his bed, and so on, and sometimes we'd crowd in and bunk with him, notwithstanding his growling, and then we'd let on to get mad and fight across him, so as to keep him stirred up like. He was nineteen, he was, and long lank and bashful, and we was fifteen and sixteen and tolerably lazy and worthless.

"So, that night, you know, that my sister Mary give the candy-pullin', they started us off to bed early, so as the comp'ny could have full swing, and we rung in on Jim to have some fun.

"Our winder looked onto the roof of the ell, and about ten o'clock a couple of old tom-cats got to rairin' and chargin' around on it a carryin' on like sin. There was four inches of snow on the roof, and it was frozen so that there was a right smart crust of ice on it, and the moon was shining bright, and we could see them cats like daylight. First they'd stand off and e-yow-yow-yow, just the same as if they was a cussin' one another, you know, and bow up their backs and push up their tails, and swell around and spit, and then all of a sudden the gray cat he'd snatch a handful of fur out of the yaller cat's ham and spin her around like a button on a barn door. But the yaller cat was game, and he'd come and clinch, and the way they'd gouge, and bite, and howl; and the way they'd make the fur fly was powerful.

"Well, Jim, he got disgusted with the row, and 'lowed he'd climb out there and shake them off'n that roof. He hadn't reely no notion of doin' it, likely, but we everlastin'ly dogged him, and bullyragged him, and 'lowed he'd always bragged how he wouldn't take a dare, and so on, till bimeby he histed up the winder, and lo! and behold you, he went—went exactly as he was—nothin' on but a shirt, and it was short. But you ought to seen him! You ought to see him creepin over that ice, and diggin' his toe nails and his finger nails in for to keep from slippin; and above all, you ought to seen that shirt a flappin' in the wind, and them long rediculous shanks of his'n a glistenin' in the moonlight.

"Them comp'ny folks was down there under the eaves, the whole squad of 'em under that onery shed of old dead Washin'ton Bower vines—all settin' round about two dozen sassers of hot candy, which they'd sot in the snow to cool. And they was laughin' and talkin' lively; but bless you, they didn't know nothin' 'bout the panorama that was goin' on over their heads. Well, Jim he went a sneakin and a sneaking up, unbeknowns to them tomcats—they was a swishin' their tails and yow yowin' and threatenin' to clinch, you know, and not payin' any attention—he went a snekain' right up to the comb of the roof, till he was in a foot'n' a half of 'em and then all of a sudden he made a grab for the yaller cat! But by Gosh he missed fire and slipt his holt, and his heels flew up and he flopped on his back and shot off that roof like a dart—went a smashin' and crashin' down through them old rusty vines and landed right in the dead centre of all them comp'ny people—sot down like a yearth quake in them too dozen sassers of red hot candy and let off a howl that was hark from the tomb! Them girls—well they felt, you know. They see he warn't dressed for comp'ny, and so they left. All done in a second; it was just one little war-whoop, and a whish of their dresses, and blame the wench of 'em was in sight anywhers!

"Jim he was in sight. He was covered with that bilin' hot molasses candy clean down to his heels, and had more busted sassers hangin' to him than if he was a Injin princess—and he comes a prancin' up stairs just a whoopin' and cussin,' and every jump he shed some china, and every squirm he feiched he dripped some candy.

"And blistered! Why, bless your soul, that poor cretur couldn't reely set down comfortable for as much as four weeks."

The White and Colored Vote of the South.

There are but two States in the South where the negro population outnumbers the white—the States of South Carolina and Mississippi. In the other eight reconstructing States the whites are so largely in the majority that if they are outvoted it will be either because they refuse to register, or because more of them are disfranchised than Congress intended. The following table gives estimates of population and voters for 1867, based on the census of 1860, with proper allowance for natural increase and for the losses during the war:

States.	Male Citizens. White.	Negro.	Voters.* White.	Negro.
Alabama,	243,100	164,265	81,033	54,755
Arkansas,	154,713	42,185	51,571	14,062
Florida,	57,016	28,852	12,330	7 951
Georgia,	270,941	173,146	90,314	57,715
Louisiana,	284,873	146,700	47,479	22,793
Mississippi,	167,616	164,755	55,882	58,252
N. Carolina,	291,799	146,012	93,933	45,337
S. Carolina,	131,520	153,829	43,840	50,279
Texas,	250,000	110,000	80,000	35,000
Virginia.	316,761	198,128	105,583	66,043
Total,	2,438,969	1,299,941	661,974	412,187

If all were registered the white majorities would be as follows: In Alabama, 26,278; Arkansas, 37,519; Florida, 4,588; Georgia, 32,599; Louisiana, 24,686; North Carolina, 18,596; Texas, 15,000; Virginia, 39,540. The black majorities would be: In Mississippi, 2370; South Carolina, 6439. If in the eight States where the whites are dominant disfranchisement is limited by the conditions of the Reconstruction bills, the white majorities cannot be entirely wiped out except possibly in Florida. The southern obstructionists assert that the registers reject a great many white men who are not legally disfranchised, and, as there is no appeal from their decisions, that it is impossible for white men to obtain their rights. This may be true in some localities, but it is not likely that it is the general fact.

There is no evidence of any such general purpose of the military commanders to reduce the whites to a minority by unfair means as the obstructionists allege. On the contrary, they show every disposition to administer the law strictly and fairly. The disfranchisement of whites, therefore, which gives the negroes a majority of voters in every State except Arkansas, is voluntary. The whites refuse to register. If negro supremacy is established throughout the south, as now seems likely, it will be the fault of the whites themselves, who sullenly stand back and surrender their power because they dislike the conditions under which they are permitted to exercise it.

Intelligence of White Voters in the South.

The papers give us plenty of funny stories as to the lack of intelligence in the black jurors and voters of the South. The case of the white men, who have always been both voters and jurymen, is not so full reported. A late speech of Gen. Brisbin tells this story:

While in command in Kentucky a courtmartial was assembled at this place, and forty-six white Kentucky soldiers arraigned before it for trial. Their counsel entered a plea in their behalf, which was presented to Col. Cummings, the president of the court, and which, on examination, was found to contain six names and forty marks. Thus forty-six native white Kentuckians could not write their names, a gift which, according to Dogberry, comes from nature.

Another case is mentioned where, in what is called Blackwood precinct, there were fifty-six voters, of whom "six could read and write, and fifty could not. At the polls it was found that fifty men had voted the Democratic ticket, and six the Republican; and, on consulting the poll-books, it was further ascertained that the names of the six men who had voetd the Republican ticket were the six who could read and write."

How Lopez was Killed.

The following letter describes the assassination of Lopez, who betrayed Maximilian:

Lopez was stopping at a hotel in Puebla, where his wife spurned him from her presence. Early one day a Mexican arrived, and familiarized himself with a hostler in a livery stable adjoining the hotel. General Miguel Lopez was inquired for, but not being in, the stranger was told that the General would be in at dinner. Before the dinner hour Lopez returned, and was pointed out to the stranger, who made special note of his man. When dinner was called, Lopez and his assassin occupied opposite seats at the table. After some minutes, during which time the stranger called for and drank a glass of wine, he deliberately rose, drew a concealed knife, and sprang at Lopez, and stabbed him nine times. The stranger then took his hat, and, as he started to leave, said: "This is the way all traitors should be paid." No one interfered, or prevented the assassin from leaving. Thus was the blood of Maximilian, Miramon, Mejia, yes, and thousands of others, avenged.

GRANT AND ANDREW JOHNSON.

The Removal of District Commanders—Grant Earnestly Urges that it be not Insisted Upon—The President Reminded that the Will of the People is the Law of the Land—Grant Says there are Military Pecuniary and Patriotic Reasons Why the Order Should not be Insisted on—Mr. Johnson is not Aware that Sheridan's Removal was Submitted to the People—Gen. Thomas's Administration of His Department Complimented—Gen. Sheridan's Rule Declared One of Absolute Tyranny—The President Says Sheridan has Exceeded his Authority in his Administration—The President "Peates" About His Constitutional Powers.

NEW YORK, August 26, 1867.

The following is the correspondence between General Grant and the President:

H'DQ'R'S. ARMIES OF THE U. S., Washington, August, 17, 1867.

His Excellency Andrew Johnson, President United States:

SIR—I am in receipt of your order of this date, directing me to appoint General G. H. Thomas to the command of the Fifth Military District, General Sheridan to the Department of Missouri, General Hancock to the Department of the Cumberland, and also, your note of this date enclosing the instructions to carry into effect the enclosed order saying "I would be pleased to hear any suggestion you may deem necessary respecting the assignments to which the order refers." I am pleased to avail myself of this invitation to urge, earnestly urge, in the name of a patriotic people who have sacrificed hundreds of thousands of millions of treasure, to preserve the integrity and union of this country, that the order be not insisted upon. It is unmistakably the expressed wish of the country that General Sheridan should not be removed from his present command. This is a Republic where the will of the people is the law of the land. I beg that their voice may be heard. General Sheridan has performed his civil duties faithfully and intelligently. His removal will only be regarded as an effort to defeat the law of Congress. It will be interpreted by the unreconstructed element in the South, those who did all they could to break up this government by arms and now wish to be the only element consulted as to the method of restoring order, as a triumph. It will embolden to renewed opposition to the will of the loyal masses, believing that they have the Executive with them.

The services of Gen. Thomas in battling for the Union entitle him to some consideration. He has repeatedly entered his protest against being assigned to either of the five Military Districts, especially to being assigned to relieve Gen. Sheridan. Gen. Hancock ought not to be removed from where he is. His Department is a complicated one, which will take a new commander some time to become acquainted with.

There are military reasons, pecuniary reasons, and above all patriotic reasons, why this order should not be insisted on. I beg to refer to a letter marked "private," which I wrote to the President when first consulted on the subject of change in the War Department. It bears upon the subject of this removal, and I had hoped would have prevented it. I have the honor to be, with great respect, your obedient servant,

U. S. GRANT,
Gen. U. S. A., and Sec'y of War *ad interim.*

The President's Reply.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, Washington Aug. 19, '67.

General—I have received your communication of the 17th inst., and thank you for the promptness with which you have submitted your views respecting the assignments directed in my order of that date. When I stated in my official note of the 17th, that I would be pleased to hear any suggestions you might deem necessary upon the subject, it was not my intention to ask from you a formal report, but rather invite a verbal statement of any reasons affecting the public interests which, in your opinion, would render the order inexpedient. Inasmuch, however, as it is a writen communication, it is proper that I should make some reply. You earnestly urge that the order be not insisted on, remarking that it is unmistakably the expressed wish of the country, that General Sheridan should not be removed from his present command. While I am cognizant of the efforts that have been made to relieve General Sheridan in command of the Fifth Military District, I am not aware that the question has ever been submitted to the people themselves for determination. It would certainly be unjust to the army to assume that in the opinion of the nation he alone is capable of commanding the States of Louisiana and Texas, and that were he for any cause removed, no other General in the military service of the United States would be competent to fill his place. General Thomas, whom I have designated as his successor, is well known to the country, having won high and honorably distinction in the field. He has since in the execution of the responsible duties of a Department Commander exhibited great ability, sound discretion and sterling patriotism. He has not failed under the most trying circumstances to preserve peace and order, to encourage the restoration of civil authority, and to promote as far as possible a spirit of reconciliation. The administration of the Department of the Cumberland will certainly compare most favorably with that of General Sheridan in his Military District. There affairs appear to be in a disturbed condition, and a bitter spirit of antagonism seems to have resulted from General Sheridan's management. He has rendered himself exceedingly obnoxious by the manner in which he has exercised even the powers conferred by Congress, and still more so by a resort to authority not granted by law, nor necessary to his faithful and efficient execution. His rule has in fact been one of absolute tyranny, without reference to the principles of our Government or nature of our free institutions. The state of affairs that has resulted from the course he has pursued has seriously interfered with a harmonious and satisfactory and speedy execution of the acts of Congress, and is alone sufficient to justify a change. His removal, therefore, cannot be regarded as an effort to defeat the laws of Congress, for the object is to facilitate their execution through an officer who has never failed to obey the law, and to exact without his jurisdiction a like obedience from others. It cannot be interpreted by the unreconstructed element of the South, those who did all they could to break up this government by arms, and who wish to be the only element consulted as to the method of restoring order, as a triumph, for as intelligent men they must know that the mere change of military commanders cannot alter the law, and that General Thomas will be as much bound by its requirements as General Sheridan. It cannot embolden them to renewed opposition to the will of the loyal masses, believing that they have the Executive with them, for they are perfectly familliar with the antecedents of the President, and know that he has not obstructed the faithful execution of any act of Congress. No one, as you are aware, has a higher appreciation than myself of the services of General Thomas, and no one would be less inclined to assign him to a command not entirely to his wishes. Knowing him as I do I cannot think he will hesitate for a moment to obey my order, having in view a complete and speedy restoration of the Union, in the preservation of which he has rendered such important and valuable service. Gen. Hancock, known to the whole country as a gallant, able and patriotic soldier, will, I have no doubt, sustain his high reputation in any position to which he may be assigned. If, as you observe, the department which he will leave is a complicated one, I feel confident that under the guidance and instructions of Gen. Sherman, Gen. Sheridan will soon become familiar with its necessities, and will avail himself of the opportunity afforded by the Indian troubles for the display of the energy, enterprise and daring which gave him so enviable a reputation during the recent civil struggle.

In assuming that it is the expressed wish of the people that Gen. Sheridan should not be removed from his present command, you remark that this is a republic, based, however, upon a written constitution. That constitution is the combined and expressed will of the people, and their voice is law when reflected in the manner which that instrument prescribes. While one of its provisions makes the President Commander-in-chief of the Army and Navy, another requires he shall take care that the law be faithfully executed. Believing that a change in command in the Fifth Military District is absolutely necessary for a faithful execution of the law, I have issued the order, which is the subject of this correspondence. In thus exercising a power that inheres in the Executive under the Constitution, as Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy, I am discharging a duty required of me by the will of the nation, as formally declared in the supreme law of the land. By his oath the Executive is solemnly bound to the best of his ability, to preserve, protect and defend the Constitution, and although in times of great excitement it be lost to public view, it is the duty without regard to consequences to himself, to hold sacred and enforce any and all of its provisions. Any other course would lead to the destruction of the Republic, for the Constitution once abolished, there would be no Congress for the exercise of legislative powers, no executive to see that the laws are faithfully executed, no judiciary to afford to the citizens protection for life, limb and property. Usurpation would inevitably follow, and a despotism be fixed on the people in violation of their combined and expressed will.

In conclusion, I fail to perceive any military, pecuniary and patriotic reasons why this order should not be carried into effect. You will remember that in the first instance I did not consider Gen. Sheridan the most suitable man for the command of the Fifth Military District. Time has strengthened my convictions upon this point, and has led to the conclusion that patriotic considerations demand that he should be superseded by an officer who, while he will faithfully execute the law, will at the same time give more general satisfaction to the whole people, white and black, North and South.

I am, General,
Very respectfully, yours,
ANDREW JOHNSON.

TO GEN. GRANT, Secretary *ad interim.*

ICE formed on Mount Washington, N. H., last Tuesday night to the thickness of a quarter of an inch.

THE city of St. Paul had a population in 1849 of four hundred; its present population is seventeen thousand.

East Wind "On the Brain."

Why should the wind coming from the east over an ocean water, depress the human body, while that which comes from the west across a continent enlivens the spirits and gives courage and vigor? Be this as it may, it seems as if some people never felt any wind that was not east. They are always "out of sorts." The weather is always just what they don't want. I met one of these men awhile ago, a farmer, who raised all manner of crops. It was a wet day, and I said:

"Mr. Nayling, this rain will be fine for your grass crop."

"Yes, perhaps; but it is bad for the corn, and will keep it back. I don't believe we shall have a crop."

A few days after this, when the sun was shining hot, I said:

"Fine sun for your corn, sir."

"Yes, pretty fair, but it's awful for the rye. Rye wants cold weather."

Again, on a cold morning, I met my neighbor, and said:

"This must be capital for your rye, Mr. Nayling."

"Yes, but it is the very worst weather for the corn and grass. They want heat to bring them forward."

So the man lives in a perpetual east wind. Nothing suits him, and it would be impossible for Providence to give him weather about which he would not grumble. I know one man who feels that our country is on the very brink of ruin, the Government a curse, and everything to be destroyed. And he has felt and talked thus for at least thirty years, and yet his property has been increasing in value all this time, amid this gathering ruin. The fact is, the man lives in an unchanging east wind. And there is Mr. Slow, who lives in the hollow under the long hill, he has been mourning for many years over the degeneracy of the times, and always telling what wonderful lawyers and doctors, and ministers there were when he was young! He can sleep under any preaching he now hears, and the lawyers seem to be young upstarts, or too old to practice. He longs for the good old times. Ah! Mr. Slow, does your weather-vane ever point any where dut to the east?—*Rev. John Todd, D. D.*

Writing for the Press.

As but very few of those who attempt writing for the public eye know how to properly prepare their manuscript, we here give the necessary "rules and regulations," which should ever be borne in mind by those who wish to see their articles in print. Hundreds of articles are thrown into waste baskets daily, for no other reason than that they are gotten up in such bad style that they cannot be "set up" by the printers without being copied off and otherwise corrected by the editor, who does not always have the time, or the inclination, to attend to such matters. Correspondents, by observing these rules, will save themselves, and publishers, much vexation spirit:

1. Write with black ink, on white paper, wide ruled. 2. Make the pages small, one-fourth that of a foolscap sheet. 3. Leave the second page of each leaf blank. 4. Give the written page ample margin all around. 5. Number the pages in the order of their succession. 6. Write in plain, bold hand, with less respect to beauty. 7. Use no abbreviations which are not to appear in print. 8. Punctuate the manuscript as it should be printed. 9. For italics underscore one line; for small capitals, two; for capitals, three. 10. Never interline without the caret to show its place. 11. Take special pains with every letter in proper names. 12. Review every word; to be sure that none are illegible. 13. Put directions to the printer, at the head of the first page. 14. Never write a private letter to the editor on the printer's copy, but always on a seperate sheet.

A Worthy Candidate.

The loyal voters of the Commonwealth ask no higher tribute to the worth and character of Judge Williams than the following neat compliment paid him by the only daily Democratic paper of Western Pennsylvania the day following his nomination. It said:

The nomination of the Hon. Henry W. Williams as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court is a good one. He was the best man named before the Republican Convention, and possesses legal and moral qualifications for the responsible position to which he has been nominated. Both parties have now presented their candidates. An important duty has been faithfully discharged by the respective conventions. The campaign may now be conducted *without personal aspersions*, and decided upon the principles of the two great parties. This is as it should be. It is an auspicious sign of the times, and if the county conventions are equally fortunate in the selection of legislative candidates, there will be a stop put to the deplorable corruption at the seat of government under a new reign of honest men and conscientious legislators.—*Pittsburgh Post, June 28th, 1867.*

A SUSPICIOUS clink was heard from the garments of a suspicious female at a recent pic-nic near Gotham, and on investigation by a blushing Fenian, it was found that she had been stealing lager beer glasses. She had strung them around her garters.

THE GAMBLER'S ARGUMENT.—It is well known that a society has been formed in New York for the "Suppression of Gambling." A counter movement has been commenced by the gamblers. On Saturday night the latter held a meeting, at which John C. Heenan was elected temporary chairman. One of the speakers used the following argument: "The business of gambling is a legitimate one. A player pays his money and takes his choice, as he does in the gold rooms; and so does the most respectable merchant of the city who buys Erie at 99, expecting to sell at 100. And they are both gamblers. One watches the turn of a card; the other waits for a rise in stock. He who gains in the latter case is no less a gambler than the man who deals faro for a livelihood." This is hard on Wall street.

FANNIE FERN.—Fannie Fern thinks it ought to be considered a disgrace to be sick, confidentially adding: "I am fifty-five, and I feel half the time as if I was born in Maine, where the timber and the human race last; but I don't eat pastry, nor candy nor ice cream. I don't drink tea—bah! I walk, not ride. I own stout boots—pretty ones too. I have a waterproof cloak, and no diamonds. I like a nice bit of beef steak and a glass of ale, and any body else who wants it may eat pap. I go to bed at 10 and get up at 6. I dash out in the rain, because it feels good on my face. I don't care for my clothes, but I will be well; and after I am buried, I warn you, don't let any fresh air or sunlight down on my coffin, if you don't want me to get up."

HISTORICAL.—We see by an exchange that the first grist mill built in this State was that now called Robert's, one mile northeast of Germantown. It was erected in 1683, by Richard Townsend, a Friend, who brought the chief materials from England. Some years afterwatds, in his printed address to Friends, he states that his was the only mill for grain in all the parts, and was of great use to the inhabitants. They brought their grists on men's backs save one man, who had a tame bull who performed the labor.

FIVE CENTS a day spent for segars, tobacco or lager, make eighteen dollars and twenty-five cents a year—enough to pay for a share in the Mercantile Library, and for the Atlantic Monthly and Harper's Magazine in the bargain. How many smokers, chewers and lager drinkers think of this? Not one in a thousand. Not one in a thousand spends less than three times five cents daily, and not one in a thousand owns a share in a library, or is a subscriber to a good magazine. No wonder the school master is so frequently abroad.

GETTING MARRIED.—A loafer, who had been noisy, was up before the Mayor's court. His honor told him to pay over five dollars for his fine.

"C-c-c-can't do it," muttered he; a-in't got the p-p-pewter."

"Are you a married man?" inquired the Mayor.

"N-n-n-not exactly so f-f-far gone yet, sir."

"Well, I will have to send you to the work-house."

"T-t-t-tain't nuthin' to g-g-go there," said Alick; "b-b-but when you t-t-talked about m-m-marriage, old fellow, you *f-f-frightened* me."

FALSEHOOD is on all accounts inexcusable, and can never proceed but from some bad principle, or a total contempt of virtue and honor. The difficulties it runs one into are not to be numbered. One lie requires ten others to support it, and the failure of probability in one of them ruins all. In fact it is a very difficult thing to tell a straight lie.

THE serious charge brought by the Democratic press against Judge Williams that he is not a native of the State, suggests the case of the eloquent S. S. Prentiss, of Mississippi. In his warm contest for Congress in that State, his opponent stated that the people of Mississippi were under obligations to vote for him because he was a native of Mississippi, while Prentiss was not. In reply to this, Prentiss said the fact stated by his opponent placed them under greater obligations to him than to his opponent, for, said he, "after arriving at maturity I voluntarily came to this State, while my opponent came under circumstances over which he had no control."

"WHY don't you wheel that barrow of coals, Ned?" said a learned miner to one of his sons. "It is not a very hard job; there is an inclined plane to relieve you." "Ah," replied Ned, who had more relish for wit than work, "the plane may be inclined, but hang me if I am."

FRANTIC.—A young man recently wrote to his sweetheart, saying. "There is not a globule of blood in my heart which does not bear your photograph." He had it very bad, hadn't he?

THE motto of the street railways in St. Louis last week is said to have been "six center tyrannis." The car conductors were called "Head Centers."

ABOUT ten per cent. of the Democratic county treasurers in Indiana have become defaulters within the last three months. The last added to the roll is the treasurer of Wells county.

POLITICAL AND MISCELLANY.

DR. MARY WALKER is about to return to the United States.

IT is confidently stated that General Lee has been to the circus.

"ARCHIE LOVELL" has been dramatised for the Versatile Lotta.

EX-GOVERNOR Bramlette is going to practicing law in Louisville.

WM. B. BRISTOW, the musician, died Sunday morning in New York.

THE King of Portugal and Poniatowski made a joint call on Rossini.

"HOG'EM" is the euphonious name of a ten days' old city in Montana.

A BOY sculptor in Columbus, Ohio, cuts wonderful statues with his jackknife.

MILLARD FILLMORE is living in elegant ease and studying the classics in Buffalo.

A LETTER from Mexico, dated July 30th, states that new raisins were then in the market.

LORD PALMERSTON was favored with the only private visit made by the Sultan in London.

THE Indians never scalp negro soldiers. Much cry and little wool is their motto.

BRIGHT'S friend, Henry Vincent, delivered a lecture on America after he got back to Liverpool.

SENATOR TRUMBULL, it is stated, endorses Gen. Grant as a suitable candidate for the Presidency.

THE wife of Jesse Carter, of Mobile, Ala., was recently killed by her son, who mistook her for a robber.

SANTA ANNA thinks he can buy himself off. Not if the Mexicans estimate him at his own valuation.

"NONE of your unkind reflections," as the old maid said to the looking-glass.

THE original meaning of chignon is cabbage. Heads of cabbage—oh, ladies!

BENJAMIN G. HARRIS is mentioned as the Democratic candidate for the next governor of Maryland.

WAIT for others to advance your interests and you will wait until they are not worth advancing.

IRA ALDRIDGE, the famous negro actor, died recently in Poland, while on a professional tour.

WEAR your learning, like your watches, in a private pocket, and don't pull it out to show that you have one.

SOME fifty unpublished letters of Voltaire are said to have been discovered in Belgium by M. Philarete Chasles.

FORT LYON, on the Arkansas river, is about to be rebuilt, at a cost of $700,000, and will be one of the finest forts in the west.

THE Detroit Board of Trade has passed a resolution that two hundred pounds shall hereafter constitute a barrel of flour.

A GREAT public demonstration in behalf of Mr. Stanton is to be held in Springfield, Illinois, as soon as Gov. Oglesby returns.

THIRTY thousand muskets, taken from the Austrians during the German war, are to be converted into Prussian needle-guns.

THE Prince of Wales and the Duke of Cambridge are to visit Ireland, to be present at the coming national horse show in Dublin.

A JUDGE of the Supreme Court of Maine has decided that a marriage between a negro and a white person was illegal and void.

THE entire population of Ireland is estimated by the Registrar General at 5,581,625 in the middle of the year 1866.

A MOVEMENT is on foot in St. Louis against the bakers, with a view of inducing them to reduce the price of bread.

A TAPE worm fifty-seven feet long has been taken out of the stomach of a Rochester man. The man is reported in good spirits and so is the worm.

AN editor referring to patent metalic air-tight coffins, says: "No person having once tried one of these coffins will ever use any other."

GENERAL SHERMAN, at St. Paul recently, denied that he was a Democrat. He said: "No, sir, I am not, and never was. I am a soldier."

PARIS has 250,000 women who should be married but are not, beside fifty thousand licenced and unlisensed *nymphs du pave.*

THE Tuscarora Indians have a tract near Niagara Falls; they are mostly farmers. The tribe now numbers only about four hundred.

A CROP croaker says he will have to give up on the abundance of the hay and wheat crops, but will not "acknowledge the corn."

IN the little town of Winn, Maine, one hundred thousand hides are annually tanned into sole leather at one tannery, said to be the largest in the world.

FIVE thousand and ninety dogs have been drowned in New York this year. The city pond should be little else than an infusion of bark by this time.

The Waynesburg Republican.

WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

Wednesday, Sept. 4, '67.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY TICKET.

SUPREME JUDGE
HON. H. W. WILLIAMS,
Of Allegheny County.

ASSEMBLY,
DR. JOHN STONE,
Of Monongahela Tp.

SHERIFF,
JOHN WALTON,
Of Richhill Tp.

TREASURER,
SAMUEL HARVEY,
Of Centre Tp.

COMMISSIONER,
JOHN LANTZ,
Of Gilmore Tp.

JURY COMMISSIONER,
JOSEPHUS MORRIS,
Of Greene Tp.

POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR,
A. SHELBY,
Of Dunkard Tp.

JUDGE SHARSWOOD ON LEGAL TENDERS.

Extract from His Opinion in the Case of Borie vs. Trott.

On the whole, then, I am of the opinion that the provision of the act of Congress of February, 25th, 1862, declaring the notes issued in pursuance of that act to be lawful money, and a legal tender, is UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

"This renders it unnecessary that I should consider the other question which has been made, as to the effect of the special agreement to pay in lawful money of the United states. I am in favor of entering judgment for the plaintiff, but as a majority of the court are of a different opinion, judgment for the defendant." (Copied from the Philadelphia "Age" of 25th of February, 1864, where the opinion is published in full).

It may also be found in the "Legal Intelligencer" of March 18, 1864, page 92.

In the same copy of the "Age" is a carefully prepared eulogy of the Judge and this opinion, in which is the following:

"Judge SHARSWOOD reasons upon and decides the case as if he were some lofty spirit sitting far above and out of the contentions and strifes of the world."

Will not the holders of greenebacks and Government bonds consider the Judge as quite too elevated and etherial for such earthly honors as a seat on the Supreme Bench?

OUR CANDIDATE.

Hon. Henry W. Williams.

[From the Pittsburgh Post, June 28.]

WORTHY CANDIDATES.

"The nomination of Henry W. Williams as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, is a good one. He was the best man named before the Republican Convention, and possesses fixed and moral qualifications for the very worthy position to which he has been nominated. Both parties have now presented their candidates. An important duty has been faithfully discharged by the respective conventions. The campaign may now be conducted without personal aspersions, and decided upon the principles of the two great parties. This is as it should be."

[From the Pittsburgh Post, August 29.]

"If the notice of Judge Williams' nomination which appeared in the "Post" at the time, and now kept standing at the head of the Republican paper, is intended as a rebuke for any supposed inconsistency since, it fails in its purpose. We have nothing to take back or modify. As to Judge Williams' private or legal reputation we have nothing but words of praise, and however it may suit some pugnacious and heady politicians, we we cannot bring ourselves to view personal assaults as either wise or politic. The Democracy paints itself upon principle and fails with facts, and discusses the public and official acts of candidates.

THE JUDICIAL CONTEST.

The importance pending the selection of a good man this fall to take the place of Judge Woodward whose time expires, should be forcibly impressed, upon the minds of every man. The two candidates, Hon H. W. Williams, for the Republicans, Hon. Geo. Sharswood, for the Democracy, are representative men of their profession. Both possess superior talents and qualifications for the discharge of all duties pertaining to the position. Both are of unimpeachable private character. It gives us pleasure to say this of an opposing Candidate for it is, indeed, a rare occurrence that proffers the opportunity. It may then be asked, what grounds have we for denouncing the election of Sharswood? We answer, because his principles are in direct antagonism to the interests of the country, because in his weakness, or duplicity, during the struggle for the nation's life, he *plead the cause of rebellion!* He arrayed himself by his judicial opinions upon that side, and, to-day, in accepting the nomination by those who in every conceivable way but the practical one of *fighting*, aided and abetted treason, we understand him as not having changed his creed. Are not these reasons enough why Geo. Sharswood should never wear the ermine of the Supreme Judgeship? Proof for what we have stated may be cited in the oft quoted case of Borie vs. Trott, in which the Judge gave it as *his Opinion* that the issue of legal tender notes by the Government was *u-n-c-o-n-s-t-i-t-u-t-i-o-n-a-l!* In his Opinion we find a clause that renders untenable the assumed position of the Hon. Judge. He says:—"It follows that to sustain the constitutionality of an act of Congress—to determine that it is a law—an authority for it must be affirmatively shown. That authority must exist in the Constitution in express words, or the act *must* appear *to be necessary* and *proper* for carrying *into execution some power or powers vested in Congress, in the government of the United States, or in some department or office* thereof.

By this rule we are now to decide, whether that clause of the act of Congress, approved Feb. 25, 1862, entitled 'An act to authorize the issue of United States notes &c.,' is or is not a law of the land."

"By this rule" he affirms the *spirit* of the Constitution *dead* in the *letter!* Should you not declare a man crazed who protested against the burning of a steamer's spars lest it would mar her beauty, with a dangerous lee shore on her quarter and no coal in her bunkers? This was precisely the condition of our government at the time Sharswood objected to the issue of paper money. The nation was driving broadside onto the rocks of dissolution, the treasury was empty and to clear the danger it required motive power—money. If self-preservation is not inherent in governments then are they absurdities and our position an anomaly.

Again, the Judge to be elected fills the office for the term of fifteen years, making it all the more important that it should be a man who has not been found wanting in the nation's need. The necessity is apparent. We know not what is in store for the future, we have the past for a warning. However harsh it may sound, it is strictly required that "the judiciary should be placed in harmony with the political opinions of a majority of the people." We have had enough of the results of such decisions as Taney's in the Dred Scott case, and although, in the goodness of God, he has been "gathered to his fathers" his infamy will shine a lurid glare pointing out the shoals upon which our bark nigh foundered.

Think of this, Men of Pennsylvania! *You want security for the future!* Judge Williams stands out and above in the pure light of PATRIOTISM and JUSTICE! Sharswood has his fair private worth tarnished by the foul smear of TREASON! Do you hesitate in your decision?

U. S. G. AND A. J.

When two vehicles come together on a road from opposite directions, one must either "pull out" and let the other pass, or there will be a collision which may resut in great damage to both or one, as the accident happens. Grant and Johnson seem to have come together and from the present nature of the case Grant is prepared to "move on" let the collision result as it may. We look upon his position as Secretary *ad interim* as that of a subordinate detailed to fill the place of a superior officer—a military movement ordered by the President and acquiesed in by Grant as a soldier. The removal of Sheridan and Sickles he could not prevent but he could and did *protest*. By the second section of the July Reconstruction Act his powers, co-ordinate and supervising, are limited to suspension removal, appointment and detail, in districts. He has only to do with the acts of district commanders not with those of the President. His expostulation with A. J. in behalf of the People is the ring of the true metal, and the uncourteous retort of the President fills our estimate of the hate he bears the People and their champions. Those who are eager for an expression of Grant's views, we opine, will not wait long until they have them *in extenso*, and we have no cause to dread their tenor. Here is his opportunity, here the "tide in men's affairs "to be taken at the flood." The Republican Party withe three-fourths of the votes in the Electoral College places no man in power again, until they know *just where he stands*! He has put his foot on the first round of the ladder, will he go up?

CONOVER alias DUNHAM.

This convicted perjurer is paying the penalty of his crime in the penitentiary, and by democratic journals has been proclaimed a hardened wretch time and again. Now, he is accepted as authority by these journals for the "astounding disclosure" of a conspiracy against the President by Butler, Ashley, Holt & Co. Why they should publish this canard authenticated by his declaration is a mystery. They surely cannot presume upon the credulity of their readers. Such wanton absurdity does not speak well for their sagacity as editors. The object is, no doubt, to prevent any further movement toward the impeachment of the President or perhaps, to bring odium upon those they hate—the Radicals. The contemptible dodges to which the dying organization ironically called Democratic, is driven, to keep life in its miserable remnant, is beautifully illustrated by this attempt of the party leaders. Truth, is a guide which they have long since abandoned. They prefer to let that safe leader remain buried at the bottom of the well, where an ancient fable said she was only to be found. Misrepresentation, deceit and slander, are more congenial to their tastes, and in fact are the only weapons they have, since the party has abandoned all the good objects which it ever advocated.

STATE FAIR.

The Penna. State Fair will be held at Pittsburg from September 24, to September 27th. The premiums offered are very liberal, embracing live stock and all useful articles in husbandry, housewifery, manufactures, and farm products. The premiums are most liberal in every department, exceeding $10,000 in the aggregate. All article exhibited, if they remain unsold, will be returned freight free.

We are informed that the Heydrick Steam Plow—lately patented, will be exhibited, and operated during the fair. For premium lists address A. B. Longaker, Pittsburg, Pa. See advertisement in this issue.

FIGHT IT!

The disposition of apathy that characterizes the prosecution of the campaign is criminal, to say the least. There must be an awakening on the part of Republicans! It will not do to risk too much upon our acknowledged prowess for there are many schemes working and many subtle covert ways they may be worked to advantage against the party. The issue is not merely an important one, but the effect a Republican success will have is of great consequence. The fall election is the *skirmish* that precedes the *general engagement* of '68. We want the outposts pressed back upon the main body with such force in the *skirmish* that it will throw them into confusion and the *general engagement* will result in nothing more than capturing the weary and disheartened and driving the stubborn off the field. Let there be a simultaneous movement along the line!

"LET HIM ALONE!"

Heretofore we have not favored hearkening to this cry when it was used by the South in the plural. As it comes up to-day in behalf of their avowed friend at the White House we sincerely hope that it will be heard. The Springfield (Mass.) *Republican* sets forth the reason for our desire:

Nobody has been able to account satisfactorily for the strange course of the President. We suspect he has been secretly bought up by the Republican National Committee, to help in the Fall elections. His "swinging round the circle," last year, secured splendid triumphs for the Republicans. This year they were somewhat anxious about the Fall elections until the President came to their aid. His conflict with Gen. Grant and the Department Commanders, has now made everything secure. There is fresh talk about impeachment, but the truth is we cannot spare the President from the arena just yet; there would be a fearful state of political indifference if he did not "come down" to disturb the waters occasionally. Keep him in the White House another year, and the Republicans will be sure of the Presidency, whoever is their candidate.

ADDRESS TO REPUBLICANS.

We invite the attention of all to the second Address to Republicans, by the State Central Committee, published to-day. It contains much that will bear careful perusal and it will put arguments in possession of the reader that cannot be refuted by the opposition. By all means, read it!

THE Republicans of Fayette county held their convention on the 19th ult., and nominated the following ticket:

Assembly, Jasper M. Thompson; *Commissioner*, Joseph S. Murray; *Treasurer*, Henry W. Gaddis; *Jury Commissioner*, Harvey Morris; *Coroner*, James B. Ewing; *Poor House Director*, James M'Cloy; *Auditor*, George D. Moore.

Henry W. Gaddis, the candidate for Treasurer since declines the nomination.

ADDRESS

Of the Union Republican State Central Committee.

COMMITTEE ROOMS, HARRISBURG, August 27th, 1867.—*To the People of Pennsylvania: Fellow-Citizens*—In a recent address from this Committee your attention was invited to sundry issues and principles involved in the pending canvass; and also to the political opinions and judicial decisions of George Sharswood. A short review of the principal occurrences, since the last State campaign, is now considered proper. The contest of 1866 was fought, in the main, upon the amendments proposed by Congress to the Constitution of the United States. These were national issues; and on the one side were arrayed the Union Republican party and the "Boys in Blue," and on the other President Johnson, the Democratic party, and all the rebels and their symyathizers from one end of the Union to the other. On these momentous issues Pennsylvania rallied in her strength, and polled over *one hundred and forty thousand* more votes than at her preceding annual election. Among the results were the triumphant elections of Major General John W. Geary for Governor, and the indorsement of Congress, by the return of a delegation more unanimous for the right than ever known before in the history of the Commonwealth. Other loyal States united with us, and the insane and wicked "Policy" of President Johnson, and of his new friends and allies, was overwhelmed by the unprecedented and magnificent popular majority of *four hundred thousand votes!* Every State which has been faithful to the National Government and the cause of the Union during the war, approved the proposed amendments. Every rebel State, except Tennessee, rejected them; and under the rebel provisional governments created by President Johnson, rebel power resumed its authority, and became dominant in their executive, legislative, and judicial departments. Vagrant and labor laws virtually reenslaved the freedmen. Loyal men were outlawed and trampled under foot; and the revived spirit of the rebellion was everywhere triumphant. Riots, murders, outrages, and assassinations were the order of the day, and security for either the lives or the property of loyal men was nowhere found. Treason had front seats, loyalty had been made odious, and traitorous conspirators against the life of the nation were vindictive and rampant.

Such was the condition of public affairs in the South when Congress convened in December, 1866. This nation had solemnly resolved, and voted, that the Union should be restored on the basis of loyalty and justice; and to this end was the Fortieth Congress elected. Hence were passed the Reconstruction laws, in execution of the recent popular verdict. The President vetoed them, refusing to accept or abide by the decision of the people, to whom he had so often and so vauntingly appealed. Congress re-enacted them over the vetoes, by more than the required two-thirds; and they are now the laws of the land. Under them, including the amendments of last session, reconstruction is rapidly progressing; and would doubtless ere long be successfully accomplished, but for the persistent obstructions by the President, in defiance of Congress and the popular will. Justice is being done; loyal men, whits and black, have been protected from the malice of defeated rebels; treason, in a measure at least, has "been made odious," and traitors have been compelled "to take back seats"—as Andrew Johnson, in a lucid interval, declared they should. Even the better portion of the rebels admit the justice of these reconstruction laws, and cheerfully acquiesce in their provisions. General James Longstreet, a distinguished rebel officer, in a recent published letter from New Orleans, expresses himself as follows:

"I shall set out by assuming a proposition that I hold to be self-evident, viz: The highest of human laws is the law that is established by appeal to arms. The great principles that divided political parties prior to the war were thoroughly discussed by our wisest statesman. When argument was exhausted resort was had to compromise. When compromise was unavailing, discussion was renewed and expedients were sought, but none could be found to suit the emergency. Appeal was finally made to the sword, to determine which of the claims was the true construction of constitutional law. The sword has decided in favor of the North; and what *they* claimed as *principles* cease to be principles, and are become *law*. The views that we hold cease to be principles because they are opposed to law. *It is, therefore, our duty to abandon ideas that are obsolete, and conform to the requirements of law. The military bill and amendments are peace offerings. We should accept them as such, and place ourselves upon them as the starting point from which to meet future political issues as they arise.*"

Jeff. Thompson, another rebel General, in a late letter to George D. Prentice, Esq., indorses the reconstruction laws of Congress thus:

"The confederate government wiped out State rights the first year of its existence, a bloody war wiped out slavery, and wiped out the confederacy, so they are obsolete ideas; and the plain question now presented is, 'Will you accept citizenship under our terms, as contained in this law?' *and I emphatically answer, yes!*"

It is greatly to be regretted that terms which are so acceptable to the fighting rebels of the South, should be so distasteful, and cause so much clamor from their non-combatant sympathizers in the North.

The enemies of the United States having been finally defeated in battle, united their efforts to elect sympathizers from the North, and to procure the admission of enough rebels from the South to enable them, *through Congress*, to attain what they had lost in the field. This programme was frustrated by the loyal people at the ballot box in the election of the Fortieth Congress. Defeated in open war, and again in Congress, these baffled conspirators, as a last resort, are endeavoring to save "the lost cause" *through the courts*. They deny that anything has been settled by the war; and boldly proclaim that "all these grave pending questions" must be decided, "*just in fact, as they would have been decided had they arisen eight years ago, or had no war taken place.*" (*Philadelphia Age*, July 8th.) They not only deny the constitutional power of Congress to impose terms upon the rebel States or people, but deny that Congress itself is a lawful body, because the rebel States are unrepresented. Hence, the recent application to the Supreme Court of the United States for injunctions, to nullify the Reconstruction laws of Congress in Mississippi, Georgia, and other rebel states. In the same interest, and of the same character, is the nomination of George Sharswood, a well known and life long State rights man, for the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. He judicially denies the power of Congress to issue paper money, or to give it value by making it a legal tender. (*Borie vs. Trott, Legal Intelligencer, of March* 18, 1964, *page* 92.) Judges Thompson and Woodward, of the same court, not only announce these same doctrines in the case of *Merrine vs. Sailor et al.* (*Legal Intelligencer of June* 16 *and* 30, 1865, *pages* 188 *and* 205), but in the cases of *Knoedler et al. vs. Lane et al.* (9. *Wright's Reports, page* 238), *denied* the power of Congress, in time of war to draft men into the military service. The principles declared in these decisions were as hostile to the national existence and perpetuity as any assault ever made by General Lee and his armed legions at Gettysburg, or elsewhere. It requires no argument to demonstrate that if these decisions on currency and the draft had prevailed, and become the established law of the land, success in the war would have been more impossible than if the rebel army at Richmond had been reinforced with half a million of men! Is it *safe*, therefore, to place another man, entertaining these opinions, on the Supreme Bench of the State?

Forewarned should be forearmed. These *Superior Courts* are now the "last ditch" of the rebellion; and the country calls upon the "boys in blue," and every loyal voter, to rally once more to the rescue!

Complete your county and township organizations without delay. With this thoroughly done, victory is sure; without it, there is danger. Revive at once everywhere the Loyal Leagues and associations, which proved of such vast service during the war. Let every patriotic man feel that he has something to do in the good work, and proceed forthwith to do it with all his might. Exclude all side issues, local quarrels, and personal aspirations, and labor only for the public good. Be not deceived by the stale clamor about negro equality and negro suffrage. These worn out hobbies were supposed to have been ridden to death at our last two annual elections, when, as now, they were declared by our enemies to be the great issues of the contest. They are now raised up and brought upon the track again, mounted by the same riders, and destined to the same ignoble end. Be not discouraged by the vain boasting of our adversaries. They have been ingloriously defeated in every contest for years, and cannot now prevail against us. The loyal and patriotic people of the State have heretofore nobly sustained us, and the cause of the country, under the heavy pressure and discouragement of drafts, taxation, bereavement and carnage; and when nothing but an abiding faith in an overruling Providence, and in the justice of our cause, enabled us to see the end. Surely there can be no faltering now when the goal is almost reached! and when one more united rally for our principles and our flag will enable us to secure the ripe fruits of the late dreadful civil war, and to garner them safely for ourselves and our children.

We stand over the ruins of a gigantic rebellion, the most formidable enemy ever encountered by republican institutions. We stand close by the graves of three hundred thousand of our noblest men, who counted their lives well spent when offered freely for Liberty and Union. In the presence of their speechless but eloquent dust; in the presence of the doubting and sneering enemies of free Government, at home and abroad; in full view of the oppressed millions, who from beneath crushing despotisms watched our flag, with tears, and hopes, and prayers, throughout the four long years of bloody conflict; before a God of justice, and in the name of all that makes faithfulness to Him, and honor among men, we stand pledged to secure and maintain forever the principles for which our brothers died.

By order of the Committee.

F. JORDAN, Chairman.
GEO. W. HAMERSLY, J. ROBLEY DUNGLISON, } Secy's.

GRANT PUTS HIS FOOT DOWN.

Rebels Not to be Reappointed to Civil Offices—Important Special Order—The Executive Differs with the General.

A Washington dispatch of the 31st inst. to the *Commercial* says, the important fact which rises above the usual Washington news and gossip, to-day, is the promulgation of Gen. Grant's order to commander of Military Districts, instructing them to make no appointments to civil office of persons who have been removed by themselves or their predecessors in command. Inasmuch as this is not strictly a disapproval of any act done by a Military Commander, it was freely declared in administration circles to-day that the order was not in strict accordance with the much discussed supplemental reconstruction law. However this may be, the order has added a valuable fact to the difference growing between the President and Grant, and as such is universally commenced. This order was telegraphed day before yesterday by command of General Grant to Generals Pope, Sheridan, Sickles, Ord and Schofield. It is claimed here by certain parties that one reason for issuing it was the belief of Louisianians in Washington that Gov. Wells would be reinstated as Governor of Louisiana.

The following is the order:

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
ADJUTANT-GENL'S. OFFICE,
Washington, Aug. 30, 1867.
Special Order No. 429.

Commanders of the Military Districts, created under the act of March 2, 1867, will make no appointments to civil office of persons who have been removed by themselves or their predecessors in command.

By command of Gen. Grant.
E. D. TOWNSEND, A. A. G.

THE CAPITAL.

Beverdy Johnson Tendered the Secretaryship of State—Senator Cameron Favors Impeachment.

A Washington dispatch of the 31st inst., says, I learn from an unimpeachable source that in an interview which Senator Reverdy Johnson, of Maryland, had with President Johnson on Thursday, he was verbally tendered the position of Secretary of State. Mr. Johnson made no answer, and returned to Baltimore last evening. His friends do not believe he will accept, but this is mere conjecture.

Senator Cameron, of Pennsylvania, arrived in town yesterday, and has been a constant visitor at the War Department to see General Grant. Mr. Cameron stated publicly to-day, and gave permission for the fact to be published, that he was in favor of impeachment of the President.

Returns from internal revenue to the Department here show that there is a falling off of fifteen millions of dollars in the revenue for two months past as compared with the returns for the corresponding period last year.

THE dials of the English Parliament clock are twenty-two feet in diameter, and the largest in the world. Every half minute the point of the minute hand moves nearly seven inches. The clock will run eight and one half days, and strikes for only seven and one half, so as to indicate by its silence any neglect in winding it up. The mere winding of each of the striking parts occupies two hours. The machinery is of cast iron, the pendulum being fifteen feet long, and the hour bell weighs fifteen tons.

SEVEN of the eight jurymen who were for the acquittal of Surratt were Southern-born; the other was from the North. Two of the remaining four were of Northern birth, and two were born abroad.

New Advertisements.

WM. BIGHAM, JR., *54 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for the* REPUBLICAN, *in that city.*

THE WORLD RENOWNED

SINGER

SEWING MACHINE.

OUR NEW FAMILY MACHINE,

Has been over two years in preparation, and which has been brought to perfection regardless of time, labor or expense, and is now confidently presented to the public as incomparably the best Sewing Machine in existence.

The Machine in question is simple, compact, durable and beautiful. It is quiet, light running and capable of performing a range and variety of work never before attempted upon a single Machine—using either Silk, Twist, Linen or Cotten Thread, and sewing with equal facility the very finest and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and substantial manner. Its attachments for Hemming, Braiding, Cording, Tucking, Quilting, Felling, Trimming, Binding, etc., are Novel and Practical, and have been invented and adjusted especially for this Machine.

New designs of the unique, useful and popular folding tops and cabinet cases peculiar to the Machines manufactured by this Company have been prepared for enclosing the new Machines. These are gotten up in every variety of wood, such as Black Walnut, Mahogany, Rosewood, and the like, and from the plainest to the most elaborate pattern and finish—the Machines themselves being more or less highly ornamented, to correspond with the Tables or Cabinets for which they are intended.

A few reasons why SINGER'S latest improved SEWING MACHINES are the best for Family and General Purposes.

1st, You can sew anything from the finest single thickness of Swiss or Nansook to several thicknesses of the heaviest Beaver cloth, using any kind or size of thread with equal facility, from No. 200 Cotton up to the heaviest patent or Linen thread.

2d, It uses a short, straight needle, easily set, and makes the popular Lock Stitch alike on both sides.

3d, It has an even self-adjusting tension which requires no change for different thicknesses of material or different sizes of thread.

4th, It is free from all springs, screws and other complications, and is almost noiseless.

5th, No threads to hold or wheels to turn in starting.

6th, It does not have to be taken apart to oil and clean it.

7th, It has a perfect feed whereby you can sew the finest materials without having to keep your work stretched to prevent its "puckering," and you never have to assist the work through as in all other machines.

8th, It will hem any width, sew a straight seam, or make a tell in the most perfect manner, with less skill than is required to sew a straight seam on any other machine.

Its attachments for Braiding, Cording, Quilting, Binding, Tucking, &c., are novel and practical, and require but little skill to use them.

Careful instructions given at the house of the purchaser.

Money refunded if the machines are not as represented.

Every machine warranted and kept in repair three years without charge.

H. P. UNCAPHER,
Agent for Greene County,
9:4-1y. Waynesburg, Pa.

MEDICAL.

DR. WHITTLESY.

DR. F. WHITTLESY, Physician for Chronic Diseases, has a permanent office in Washington, Pennsylvania, where he has been engaged for the past twelve years in the successful treatment of all

DISEASES OF A CHRONIC NATURE.

The Doctor might present a volume of certificates of cures, complimentary notices, &c., but the most satisfactory testimonial will be given the public in a trial of his skill. Dr. W. devotes exclusive attention to Chronic Ailments, in which his practice has been uniformly successful, effecting cures in many cases that have baffled all other systems of treatment.

Paralysis, Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Catarrah, Deafness, Diseases of the Spine, Stomach, Heart, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Lungs, Female Diseases, General Debility, &c., &c.,

Are all promptly and permanently cured by the Doctor's system of treatment. During the past few years, the Doctor has registered hundreds of cures to which he will be pleased to give those references who may call upon him. He invites all afflicted with any form of Chronic disease and having failed to obtain relief, to

GIVE HIS MEDICINES A TRIAL.

His principal agents are selected entirely from the Vegetable Kingdom, and these are so combined as to equalize the vital forces of the body and thereby restore it to perfect health. The Doctor has been especially successful in the treatment of all

FEMALE DISEASES.

Women by the score fall victims to maladies peculiar to their sex, many of whom might be saved from lives of wretchedness and premature graves by applying in time to Dr. W. The remedies employed in the practice of Dr. W. are manufactured exclusively by him from his own Medical Laboratory and are always pure in quality and specific in effect. Dr. W. diagnoses disease by means of the Urine, the only infallible test of disease, never failing to discover its nature, locality and curability, thus enabling him to employ a

RATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CURATIVE TREATMENT.

Of the absolute certainty of his mode of diagnoses he can satisfy every patient who gives him a trial, from the urine alone he will tell accurately all that can be known of any disease. In the examination of this secretion, he employs optical, chemical and microscopical tests, no case being presented in which one of these tests is not sufficient to an accurate diagnoses. The Doctor does not claim to be a "cure all," nor yet "the right arm of the Almighty stretched forth to save the world from premature dissolution," but he does profess from scientific acquirements and

YEARS OF EXPERIENCE,

Devoted exclusively to the treatment of chronic ills, with his infallible tests of disease, to be able to rel eve and permanently cure all those cases which are not already beyond the reach of remedies.

OFFICE

CORNER OF MAIN & CHESTNUT STS.,

OPPOSITE THE MANSION HOUSE

WASHINGTON, PA.

CONSULTATIONS

FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

9:1-1f. F. WHITTLESY.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Letters testamentary upon the estate of John Fisher, of Richhill township, Greene county Pa., having been granted to the undersigne notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSHUA ACKLEY, Executor.
9:4-6t.

New Advertisements.

STATE FAIR.

The Pennsylvania State Fair will be held at Pittsburgh, upon the grounds of the Iron City Park, SEPTEMBER 24th, 25th, 26th, and 27th, 1867.

For the Exhibition of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, &c., Agricultural Implements, Machinery, Inventions, Farm Products, Fruits, Flowers, Household Goods, &c.

PREMIUMS OVER $10,000.

COMPETITION OPEN TO ALL.

Some of the Premiums in the abstract, are as follows:

CATTLE—FOREIGN IMPORTED—10 premiums from $50 to $20; all other grades of Cattle 60, from $30 to $10; 42, from $10 to $3; best herd, &c., not less than 15 head, $50; 2d best $25; best 10 yoke of oxen, premium to be paid Agricultural Society of the County sending them, $100—2d best $50.

HORSES—Best imported 6 premiums, from $50 to $20—thorough breds, 10, from $30 to $10—speed 1 of $100, 1 of $75, 4 of $50.

MATCHED HORSES—1 of $50, 1 of $30; best draught, gelding, and single horses 12, from $30 to $10. STALLIONS and MARES, 15 from $25 to $10. JACKS and MULES 7, from $25 to $10; best mule team of four $20, 2d best $15.

SHEEP AND WOOL.—For different breeds 125 premiums from $30 to $5. SWINE 15—from $25 to $5.

POULTRY—Best collection $15, and no premium less than $2.

For Agricultural Implements, Steam Engines, Scales, &c., but few premiums are offered. The Judges, however, may make complimentary notice, of the particular merits of each machine exhibited.

For Leather and its manufactures—Flour and Indian meal, grain and seeds, vegetables, fruits, grapes, cider, flowers and designs, needle work, embroidery, &c., bread cakes, &c., preserves, jellies, and air tight fruits and vegetables, mercantile displays &c., liberal premiums are offered, ranging $10 to $1.

STEAM PLOW.—The Heydrick Steam Plow will be exhibited and operated during the Fair.

For particulars, or premium lists, address A. B. LONGAKER, Secretary, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Single admission Tickets, 25 Cents.

9:4-2. A. BOYD HAMILTON, President.

BOUNTY TAX REPORT

Of the Auditors of Morris township, Greene county, Pa.

DR.

Duplicate No. 1, issued November 26, 1864, to V. F. Lewis	$4687 86
Exonerations to Collector	$ 315 80
Collector's fee	105 39
Net amount	$4266 77

CR.

By cash to F. & D. N. Bank of Waynesburg	$4032 18	
For stamps	4 00	
For blank bonds	1 25	
By cash for making out duplicate	6 00	
By cash to Committee-men	10 00	
Paid by cash to treasurer	13 34—	4066 77

DR.

Duplicate No. 2, issued June 4th, 1865, to Samuel Sanders	$4436 36
Exonerations to collector	$ 303 35
Collector's fee	83 09
Net amount	$4050 01

CR.

By cash to D. Iams	$ 800 00	
Interest paid	52 05	
By cash to James Foner	500 00	
Interest	85 00	
By cash paid Thos. Iams, Com.	1024 70	
By cash to Wm. Foner for substitute	400 00	
Interest	15 85	
By cash to John Kilgor	200 00	
Interest	9 60	
By cash to Ephriam Conger	400 00	
Interest	136 20	
By cash to James Foner	579 61—	4050 01

DR.

Duplicate No. 3, issued June 4th, 1866, to J. N. Clutter	$2730 09
Exonerations to collector	92 47
Collector's fee	65 83
Net amount	$2567 79

CR.

By cash to James Foner	$ 519 60	
By cash for Attorney's fee	12 00	
By cash on dividend	1655 34	
Balance to Collector's hands	380 76—	2567 70
Paid for nineteen recruits at three hundred dollars each, for the first call, in 1864	$5700 00	
Paid for ten recruits at four hundred dollars each, for the year 1865	4000 00	

We, the undersigned auditors, do certify the above to be correct as stated V. L. LEWIS,
PETER SHAFF,
9:4-3t. Auditors.

Legal Advertisements.

LIST OF CAUSES FOR TRIAL AT SEPTEMBER TERM, 1867.

1 Hook vs Hook.....No. 90, Nov. term, 1860.
2 Ingham vs Gray, et al.....No. 79, Dec. term, 1865.
3 Dougherty vs Teagarden,.....No. 141, March term, 1866.
4 Linch vs Bussey,.....No. 148, March term, 1866.
5 Grant vs Kent.....No. 169, March term, 1866.
6 Daugherty vs Weaver,.....No. 12, Sept. term, 1866.
7 Lantz vs Lantz,.....No. 146, June term, 1866.
8 Morris vs Lazear,.....No. 74, June term, 1862.
9 Miller, Nichols & Co., vs Craft,.....No. 131, March term, 1865.
10 Wilson vs Downey.....No. 56, Dec. term, 1865.
11 Tanner vs Hughes & Kincaid,.....No. 79, June term, 1865.
12 F. & D Bank vs M. Bell, garnishee,.....No. 13, June term, 1864.
13 Miller vs Miller.....No. 109 March term, 1865.
14 Sanders vs Morris tp.,.....No. 42, September term, 1865.
15 Pettit vs same,.....No. 41, Sept. term, 1865.
16 Coleman vs Taylor,.....No. 83, Sept. term, 1864
17 Deaves vs McGovern,.....No. 2, Dec. term, 1865.
18 F. & D. Bank vs Cleavenger,.....No. 9, Dec. term, 1865.
19 Mapel vs Prior, et al.....No. 37, Dec. term, 1865.
20 South vs Knotts & Long,.....No. 62, Dec. term, 1865.
21 Messenger vs Richhill tp.,.....No. 114, Dec. term, 1865.
22 Pettit vs same,.....No. 116 Dec. term, 1865.
23 Commonwealth vs Wilson,.....No. 126, Dec. term, 1865.
24 Smith vs Hill,.....No. 11, March term, 1866.
25 Stone vs Parker,.....No 12, March term, 1866
26 Horton vs Davis' Adm'rs,.....No 61, March term, 1866
27 Westvelt & Neil vs M & K Oil Co.....No 55, March term, 1866
28 Taylor vs Lemley,.....No 75, March term, 1866
29 Lindsey's executors vs Sayers,...No 159, March term, 1866
30 Good vs Richhill tp...No 172, March term, 1866
31 Foster's adm'rs vs Anderson,.....No 15, June term, 1866
32 Jones vs Morris tp.....No 131, Sept term, 1866
33 Evans vs South, Taylor & Co.....No 7, Dec term, 1866
34 White vs Lantz's exec'rs.....No 74, Dec term, 1866
35 Eakin et al vs Kinney et al.....No 103 March term, 1866
36 Firt Nat'l Bank vs Antill,.....No 44, March term, 1867
37 Porter's adm'rs vs Rinehart.....No 163, March term, 1867

J. F. TEMPLE, Proth'y.
Proth'y's Office, August 19, 1867.

It is agreed by the attorneys at the Bar to have but one week of court, commencing on the 3d Monday of September, 1867. Grand Jurors will appear as usual, on Monday; and Petit Jurors on Tuesday, at 8½ o'clock, A. M. Petit Jurors summoned to appear for second week need not attend. J. F. TEMPLE, Proth'y.

8:26-tc

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, distributees, wards, and other persons interested, that the following Executors, Administrators, Trustees and Guardians have filed their accounts in the Register's office, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, on Wednesday, the 18th day of September, 1867, for confirmation and allowance. PETER BROWN, Register.
Registers Office, Waynesburg, Aug. 17, 1867.

Account of David Crayne and Stephen Crayne, Executors of the last will and testament of Samuel Crayne, dec'd.
Account of D. W. Longdon, Administrator upon the estate of Jesse Sprouls, dec'd.
Account of Jesse Lazear, Executor of the last will and testament of Thomas Lazear, dec'd.
Account of Ralph Drake, administrator upon the estate of William Drake dec'd.
Account of Randal B. Garman, administrator upon the estate of Benjamin Garman, dec'd.
Account of Joseph F. Randolph and Harriet Davis, administrators upon the estate of William Davis, dec'd.
Account of John Simonton, administrator upon the estate of James Finch, dec'd.
Account of Jonas Ely, George Ely, and James Ely, Executors of the last Will and Testament of Jonas Ely, dec'd.
Account of John Gwynne, administrator upon the estate of James Neal, who was surving Executor of Barnet O. Neel, dec'd.
Account of Jacob H. Bristor, Executor of the last will and testament of Robert Bristor, dec'd.
Account of Aaron Gregg, Administrator C. S. A., upon the estate of Alford Gregg, dec'd.
Account of D. R. Jones, administrator upon the estate of John Jones, dec'd.
Account of Jane Dill, administratrix upon the estate of Mathew Dill, dec'd.
Account of Samuel P. Bayard, guardian of Geo. Kent, minor child of Thomas W. Kent, dec'd.
Account of Sam'l. P. Bayard, Guardian of Wm. Kent, minor child of Thomas W. Kent, dec'd.
Account of Thomas Iams and A. J. Barker, administrators upon the estate of Edward Barker, dec'd.
Partial account of Samuel McNay and George Stoops, administrators upon the estate of Isaac Morford, dec'd.
Account of Wm. P. Griffin, guardian of Mary F. Nicholson, a mino child of Elizabeth Nicholson, dec'd.
Account of Wm. P. Griffin, administrator upon the estate of Elizabeth Nicholson, dec'd.
Partial account of Henry Garner and Thomas Knight, executors of the last will and testament of Levi Sellers, dec'd.

8:14-tc.

APPLICANTS FOR EATING-HOUSE LICENSE AT SEPT. TERM, 1867.

Maria Sutton, Wright House, Waynesburg.
John A. Strosnider, Waynesburg.
Richard Young, Jefferson, Greene county, Pa.
Eli P. Randolph, Jefferson, do do

8:21-tc J. F. TEMPLE, Clerk.

The Waynesburg Republican.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF THE MAILS TO AND FROM WAYNESBURG:

From Waynesburg to Waynesburg, arrival, Wednesdays, 7½ p. m.; departure, Wednesdays, 8 a. m.—(via Jollytown.)

From Waynesburg to Willow Tree, arrival, Wednesdays, 11 a. m.; departure, Wednesdays, 12 m.

From Washington Pa. to Waynesburg, arrival daily, 7½ p. m.; (except Sundays,) departure daily, 11½ p. m., (except Sundays).

From Rice's Landing to Waynesburg, arrival daily, 6, p. m., (except Sundays,) departure daily, 5, a. m., (except Sundays).

From Waynesburg, Pa. to Cameron, W. Va., arrival, Tuesdays and Saturdays, 5, p. m., departure, Mondays and Fridays, 8, a. m.

From Waynesburg to West Alexander, Wash. Co., Pa., arrival, Fridays, 7, p. m., departure, Saturdays, 7, a. m.

From Waynesburg to Morgantown, W. Va., arrival, Wednesdays, 5, p. m., departure, Thursdays, 6, a. m.

From Waynesburg to Middlebourne, W. Va., arrival, Wednesdays, 5, p. m., departure, Tuesdays, 4, a. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The attention of our readers is specially directed to the following advertisements, which appear for the first time in our paper to-day.

Medical—F. Whittlesy.
Sewing Machines.
State Fair.
Legal Notice.
Bounty Tax Report—Morris township
Register's Notice.

EXT. Logwood, madder and Indigo, warranted, for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's.

ANNIVERSARY EXERCISES OF WAYNESBURG COLLEGE.—Sermon before the graduates, Sabbath evening September 8, 1867.

Annual Address before the Union and Philomathean Literary Societies, Monday evening, September 9th, by Rev. W. B. Watkins, A. M. *Theme:* The Unity of Human and Divine Science.

Meeting of the Alumni Association, Wednesday, September 11th, at 2 o'clock, P. M. Oration—P. A. Knox, Carmichaels, Pa. Essay—Credulity—Miss M. C. Black, Waynesburg, Pa.

Ladies' Commencement, Tuesday evening, September 10th. *Programme:* Essay—"We are going."—Miss Mollie Stone, Greensboro', Pa. Essay—"After many days."—Miss Ada J. Braddock, Harveys, Pa. Essay—"The Voiceless."—Miss Lizzie A. Parkinson, Cameron, W. Va. Essay—"Sleep and night."—Miss Mary Owen, Waynesburg, Pa. Essay—"Lo! how the shades are scattered."—Miss Nannie Pollock, Jefferson, Pa. Essay—"Clearing off."—Miss Mary Allison, Waynesburg, Pa. Essay—"Lost,"—Miss Sue Porter, Dunbar, Pa. Essay—"Beyond the Alps lieth thine Italy." Miss Estelle Biddle, Carmichaels, Pa. Valedictory—"We are living, we are dwelling, in a grand and awful time."—Miss "Flo." Downey, Cumberland, Ohio.

Address to the class. Presentation of diplomas, Benediction.

Gentlemen's Commencement, Wednesday evening, September 11. *Programme:* English Salutatory—"Brain is king."—B. Frank Flenniken, Waynesburg, Pa. Oration—Self-architecture—Jas. Best, Centreburg, Ohio. Oration—A Comparison—John A. Burns, Wind Ridge, Pa. Oration—Pauperism—D. J. McDaid, Barnsville, Pa. Oration—The Pulpit—W. T. Patterson, Hebbardsville, Ohio. Master's Oration—Intellectual unfoldings of the Age—J. Jackson Parman, Waynesburg, Pa. Valedictory—*Theme:*—The elements—"Rob." Downey, Waynesburg, Pa.

Conferring of Degrees. Benediction.

†First Honor

Ring's, Hall's and Barretts Hair Restratives for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's. Grug Store.

THE FAIRS.—Three fairs in our county and all at different points—none at the county seat—Oh! Waynesburg! Preparations indicate renewed interest in our fairs. Each vies with the other in attraction, and so far from going down, it is anticipated they will be more largely attended and patronized than ever. The utility of such associations is apparent, and we think the farmers of Greene county understand that this is one mode of improving and enriching the county. Complaint arises from time to time of the sameness of the exhibitions, articles being awarded premiums years in succession. How true this is we are unable to say, but if managers are cognizant of such favoritism their good sense must show them that it will injure the Societies. Horse racing, too, has become one of the prime incentives for going to these places. They are exciting and add to the interest of the fair but would not the large premiums be more judiciously disposed of if awarded to another class of stock? and would not a reduced interest in racing do away with a large proportion of the ruffianism displayed on occasions of the kind? Thus encouraging the attendance of a different class at our fairs, and thereby rewarding the working-men, agriculture and the mechanical arts, and discouraging the jockey and his parasites, the gambler and the idler.

Prescriptions carefully filled at G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

SABBATH SCHOOL CELEBRATION.—The Morrisville, Union, Laurel Run and Valley Sabbath Schools met at the Union Church, on Coallick Run, on Saturday, the 31st day of August, 1867, for the purpose of having a Sabbath School Celebration or Harvest Home. The procession formed at the church, and marched to the grove. S. R. Huss was called temporarily to the chair, and the following officers chosen: *President*, Bazel Gordon; *Vice-Presidents*, Wm. Moredock, Harvey Fordyce, Armstrong Porter, Hiram Rinehart, Joseph Ankrom and Isaac Woods; *Sec'ys.*, S. R. Huss and B. F. Flenniken. The organization completed the meeting was opened with singing, after which a prayer was made by Rev. J. H. Hull; then followed a beautiful song by the children of the Sabbath Schools, after which Mr. S. S. Johnson addressed the meeting in a very able and eloquent manner. His subject, "The mission of the Sabbath School," was ably discussed, and reflects great honor on the gentleman. At the close of Mr. Johnson's address the martial bands discoursed some very fine music. Rev. J. H. Hull then made a brief address; Subject, "The bright light in the clouds," The day was very pleasant, the assembly very orderly and the table well filled. On the whole it was passed very pleasantly and agreeably by all.

BAZEL GORDON, Pres't.
S. R. HUSS,
B. F. FLENNIKEN, Sec'ys.

For anything in the Drug line go to G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

READER, is this your paper, or does it belong to your neighbor? If the latter, you should subscribe at once, and not trouble others for what belongs to them. Newspaper borrowers are a nusiance to their neighbors.

Is there no law for the preventing of cattle, horses, hogs, etc., running loose in our streets? If so, why is it not enforced? And if we have no such law, whe can't we? Who answers?

A large stock of Window Glass for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

LOST.—On the 23d inst., between Waynesburg and Jacktown, one shirt-*man's shirt* (clean but somewhat worn), two shirt collars, one sett surveyor's dividors, surveyor's protractor (*ivory*) and a *right line* pen, such as are used in plotting &c.

Any one returning the same to this Office will be rewarded.

P. S. No reward will be given for the return of the wearing apparel alone, as the looser is getting two new shirts made.

P. P. S. Said shirt don't belong to us. We only have two—got one on, the other went into the "wash," *one week* ago.

The finest articles of Pefumery, cheap, at Braden's Drug Store.

SEVERE ACCIDENT.—The Washington *Review* and *Examiner* of last week says that on Saturday, the 17th instant, a son of Sampson Vandergraff, of Morgan township, Greene county, about fourteen years of age, had his right thigh broken by the falling of a heavy log, while trying to tear down an old log coal house. Dr. James R. Patton, of Clarksville, and Dr. Day attended the patient, and he is now doing well.

Brushes of all kinds at G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

PERSONS indebted to us for subscriptron, advertising or job work, are reminded that the coming week of court will afford them an excellent opportunity to pay what they owe the printer.

INSERTING an advertisement in a newspaper and soliciting a puff for nothing, is like purchasing a coat pattern and asking the merchant to "throw in" all the trimmings.

The finest and best cigars, sold cheap at Braden's Drug Store,

"WITH FOUR METALLIC QUALIFICATIONS a man may be pretty sure of earthly success. These are Gold in his pocket, Silver in his tongue, Brass in his face, and Iron in his heart."

But for a tonic appetizer, and as a gentle stimulant, there is reliable virtue in Plantation Bitters. No article has ever been so popular or done half so much good. Let all who have not already tried this great stomachic, at once test its quality. We understand that the Druggists and Grocers of this section are selling vast quantities, and that scarcely a family is without it.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price.

Allen's Lung Balsam, cheap, at Braden's Drug Store.

A SPECIAL REQUEST.—Dr. Miller, of the *Presbyterian*, says, in attempting to prepare a history of the operations of Waynesburg College that may be satisfactory and useful to those who may succeed the persons now directly connected with it, he finds that in its earlier years there was great carelessness in regard to records. Any of our readers who may have old catalogues, programmes of contests, exhibitions &c., will confer a special favor by sending them to him immediately. If so desired, they will be returned.

Paints, Oils, and Varnishes, for sale at G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

SALE.—Mrs. Ruth E. Porter, in connection with the sale of the "Lantz Mill and Distillery," includes one half acre of ground opposite the Mill, to be used if desired by the party purchasing for a building site. See Sheriff's Sale—fourth page.

For notices of sales and other interesting matter, see fourth page.

LITERARY.—The Emma Willard Literary Society, of Waynesburg College, gave a public entertainment on last Thursday evening. It was largely attended, exercises good, occasion a pleasant one.

For Foot rot in Sheep, go to Braden's Drug Store, for Medicine.

HOW LONG—Since the public square was made a rooting-ground for hogs?

CAMP MEETING.—There will be a Camp-meeting held Sept. 26th, on Wm. Donley's land, one and a half miles north of Mt. Morris for Mt. Morris circuits under the management of Rev. A. J. Easley and M. M. Eaton.

Dye Stuffs of all kinds sold at G. W. Roberts & Co's. Drug Store.

COLD.—The cold weather of late, necessitates the donning of heavy clothing.

U. S. INTERNAL REV. Stamps of all kinds, at the Deputy Collector's Office.
Waynesburg Pa. 3t.

ATLANTIC.—This Monthly for September is rich in varity and rare in the excellence of its contents. Its corps of popular writers cover in their productions the whole field of literature. Ticknor and Fields, Pubs., Boston, Mass.

THE LATEST ACCOMPLISHMENT.—Whilom the gradual lengthening of the skirt marked the divergence from "girlhood" to "young-lady-hood." Since short skirts have become "the rage," another method has been sought and found to distinguish the young girl from the lady (?) The accomplishment is the volleying of *big, round oaths* such as men (?) swear. We are not aware that a portion of the day is set aside for "parlor practice," but day and evening both, on the street, convinces us of the perfection to which some have attained in the *manly (?) art*. It is bad enough to be hopelessly addicted to, or compelled to hear a male swear, but how deep is the woman — the *young girl*—lowered, in the estimation of *anyone*, that uses coarse billingsgate as if she felt proud of it!

It is a funny idea that some people have, engaged in public business, that they should patronize only those of their political faith. Apply the rule both ways and you doubtless perceive the fallacy. If a man growls because you don't buy at home ask him if he supports *home institutions*—if he *takes his county paper* or advertises his *business in both?*

Married.

Notices of Marriages and Deaths inserted free; but all Tributes of Respect and Obituaries charged eight cents a line. The money must be advanced to secure their insertion.

CUMMINS—ZIMMERMAN—On Monday the 27th of August, 1867, by Corbly Ornduff Esq., Mr Commodore P. Cummins and Mrs. Annie Eliza Zimmerman all of Whitely tp. Greene Co. Pa.

HATHAWAY—CURRY—On Thursday, August 1st, 1867, by Jas. Call, Esq., Mr. B. F. Hathaway and Mrs. Rebecca Curry.

FORDYCE—MILDRED—On Sunday, 25th ult., by the same, Mr. Barnet Fordyce and Miss Nancy Mildred.

SCOTT—ORNDUFF—On Monday, 26th ult., by the same, Mr. Abijah M. Scott and Miss Margaret A. Ornduff.

LADY'S BOOK.—The September issue is at hand, and is one of Godey's best efforts. The fashion plates, patterns and alphabet for marking are beautiful and will be appreciated by the ladies. The literary department in this number is fully up to the standard of the Lady's book—in interest and popularity of its authors. Terms $3 per annum, address L. A. GODEY, Philadelphia, Pa.

Markets.

WAYNESBURG MARKET.

WAYNESBURG, Sept. 3, 1867.

Corrected Weekly for the REPUBLICAN.

PRODUCE.

Butter (fresh roll,) ₱ lb	20
Eggs ₱ doz	10
Potatoes ₱ bush	1 25@1 00
Lard ₱ lb	10
Tallow ₱ lb	15
Country Soap ₱ lb	08
Dried Peaches ₱ lb	16

FLOUR AND GRAIN.

Flour ₱ bbl	11 00
Wheat ₱ bush	1 80
Rye ₱ bush	80
Corn ₱ bush	70
Corn Meal ₱ bush	75

GROCERIES.

Coffee ₱ lb	30@33
Tea ₱ lb	2 00
Brown Sugar ₱ lb	15
Refined Sugar ₱ lb	20
Syrup ₱ gal	1 00
Molasses (N. Orleans,)	1 20
Sorghum ₱ gal	1 00
Salt ₱ bbl	3 40
Rice ₱ lb	15

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

SATURDAY, August 31, 1867.

During the past week the markets have generally ruled dull, and prices without any material change. There are some signs of improvement, but not up to anticipations, and far behind the usual trade at this season of the year. The opinion prevails, that prices must decline as soon as there is a little more of the new crop thrown upon the market.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale store prices:

GRAIN AND FLOUR.

Wheat, Penn'a, and Ohio, Winter Red	$2 10@2 15
Rye ₱ bush	$1 15@1 20
Oats ₱ bush	55
Corn ₱ bush	$1 00
Spring Wheat Flour	10 00@10 25
Winter Wheat	11 00@11 25

PROVISIONS.

Shoulders	11½@11½
Sugar Cured Hams	21@21½
Lard	13@13¾
Potatoes, ₱ bbl	1 50@2 00
Apples ₱ bbl	2 00@4 00
Eggs ₱ doz	14@16
Butter	12½
	23@25

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, August 31, 1867.

FLOUR—Quiet and firmer, at $8 25@10 00 for spring extras.

WHEAT—Quiet, firm and 2@3c higher, at $1 78@1 80 for No. 1; $1 44@1 60½ for No. 2.

CORN—Active; No. 1 ½c lower; No. 2 ½@¾c higher; 90½@90¾c for No. 1; 92½@93c for No. 2.

OATS—Active and ½@¾c higher, at 41½@45c for No. 1; 40@41½c for No. 2.

BEEF CATTLE.—Dull, at $6 50@6 75 for first class steers.

HOGS—Moderatively active, at $6 00@6 70 for common to choice.

SHEEP—Dull and nominal, at $4 00@4 50 for best mutton.

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, August 31.—Coffee quiet; prime Rio 17¾c gold. Wheat—No white offered; advanced 5c; fair to choice $2 25@2 45. Corn scarce; prime white $1 08@1 10; mixed $1 05@1 06; yellow $1 15@1 17. Oats steady; fair to prime 60@65c. Whisky held at 35c, in bond.

NEW YORK DRY GOODS.

NEW YORK, August 31.—Fair business transacted. Prices are generally very firm for all classes of staple and fancy cottons. Woolens are also in good request, and the fabrics in novel designs sell freely at good prices, while inferior qualities still drag and go slow.

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, August 31.—Flour dull and weak. Wheat dull; red $2 20@2 45. Rye $1 50@1 60. Corn steady; yellow $1 25@1 30. Oats 56@58c.

ADVICES from Vera Cruz to the 19th state that the country is fast approaching a peaceful status. The French and British Ministers left the City of Mexico on the 8th for Vera Cruz, accompanied by all the members of their legations, and under suitable escort. They left Vera Cruz on the night of the 18th. Santa Anna is still imprisoned in the Castle of San Juan d'Ulloa. Nothing definite is known in regard to his fate.

THE Washington *Chronicle* remarks that, "from the Atlantic to the Pacific, we hear but one voice from the loyal people, and that is, that the hero of Vicksburg and Appomattox shall be sustained against Presidential usurpations."

Special Notices.

To Consumptives.—The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
6|6-1y Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

The Herbalist—Or the People their Own Physician by the use of NATURE'S REMEDIES is a new Copyright Book, comprising 408 large octavo pages, by Dr. O. P. PHELPS BROWN.

This valuable work is now being introduced here by Mr. S. P. Spitsnagle, who has the sole Agency for Greene county, Pa., and Monongalia county, W. Va. PRICE, $2 per copy.

The distinguishe author of the book is a sufficient guarantee for the reliability of its teachings and an ample recommendation of its character.

It teaches the curative properties of all the native and foreign medical herbs, plants, gums, balsams, barks and roots known in the world; describes them; tells when to gather them; how to prepare them; what diseases they are designed to cure; when and how to apply them.

It discards the use of all minerals, and other harsh, cruel and violent methods of treating diseases and promptly furnishes a remedy for afflicted Nature in Nature's own Apothecary.

Its language is plain English, addressed to the understanding of every person who can read, and it describes, in terms not to be mistaken, the symptoms of all prevalent diseases and furnishes a remedy in every case.

It teaches the causes, preventive and cures of the entire catalogue of diseases from a bald head or freckle face up to the most malignant form of pestilence. It makes every attentive reader of its pages a complete Physician, secures his health, saves his time and his money, and is an invaluable household article that no one who regards his best interest and the welfare and happiness of his family can afford to do without. 8|21-6t.

To my Friends and Patrons.—I have, as many of you are aware, sold my Dental practice to Dr. J. S. Hertig. He has been engaged in the practice of Dentistry for seven years, the latter half of which time I have been acquainted with him and his professional career, and know him to be an honorable, upright, energetic man; as well as one of the most careful and successful operators I have ever known. I can conscientiously recommend him to all my patrons, feeling assured that he will render the very best satisfaction to all. I must now say farewell to all my friends and pleasant acquaintances. I go to seek another home, expecting to see but few of you again in the present state, but cherishing a fond hope to meet you all in the land of the just. With every good wish believe me truly yours,
6|12-3m* S. S. PATTON.

Special Notices.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract

BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in

MALE OR FEMALE,

from whatever cause originating and no matter of

HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS,

and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Established upwards of 18 years, prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD.

594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

3;13eow-1y.

Helmbold's Concentrated Extract

BUCHU, Is the Great Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S CONCENTRATED EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

Is the Great Blood Purifier.

Both are prepared according to rules of Pharmacy and Chemistry, and are the most active that can be made. 3;13eow-1y.

Manhood and Youthful Vigor are regained by Helmbold's Extract Buchu.

3;13eow-1y.

The Healing Pool, and House of Mercy.—Howard Association Reports for Young Men, on the crime of solitude, and the errors, abuses and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 6;5-1y

Helmbold's Extract Buchu gives health and vigor to the frame and bloom to the pale cheek. Debility is accompanied by many alarming symptoms, and if no treatment is submitted to, consumption, insanity or epileptic fits ensue. 3;13,'67-eowly.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, inflammation, or ulceration of the bladder, or kidneys, diseases of the prostrate glands, stone in the bladder, calculus, gravel or brick dust deposits and all diseases of the bladder, kidneys and dropsical swellings.

USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.
3;13,'67-eowly

Colgate & Co's.

COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK

GERMAN

ERASIVE SOAP

is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Groceries. 6;5-1y.

Enfeebled and delicate constitutions, of both sexes use Helmbold's Extract Buchu It will give brisk and energetic feelings, and enable to you sleep well. 3;13eowly

Take no more unpleasant and unuseful remedies for unpleasant and dangerous diseases, Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose wash. 3;13,'67-eowly.

Errors of Youth.—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, and receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN OGDEN,
6;5-1y 42 Cedar St., New York.

The Glory of Man is Strength.—Therefore the nervous and debilitated should immediately use Helmbold's Extract Buchu. 3;13,'67-eowly

Miscellaneous.

$3,00 TO $5,00 PER DAY.

AGENTS WANTED

FOR THE

GOLDEN PEN.

A BETTER PEN THAN GILLOTS PEN.

These pens sell rapidly wherever introduced, to all classes of people. Are fully equal to the gold pen for ease and beauty of writing. More flexible and durable than any steel pen ever manufactured. Will not corrode. Send for sample box. Only 25 cents, or two boxes for 40 cents. No. 1 for general use, No. 2 for Ladies, Schools and choice Penmanship. Sent free of postage. Money refunded if they do not give satisfaction. Address M. V. B. COWEN, Lafayette, Ind.

The following is a sample of hundreds of letters from parties who have ordered these pens.

POTTSTOWN, PA., July 15th, 1867.

M. V. B. COWEN, Lafayette, Ind.

DEAR SIR:—The box of No. 1 pens ordered by me some ten days since has arrived, and I am so much pleased with them that I have concluded to take an Agency for their sale, so far, at least, as to order three gross No. 1 and one gross No. 2, for which I enclose your price to Agents. Address REV. S. SIEGFRIED,
Of REPUBLICAN.

Warranted to last five times as long, and give better satisfaction than any steel pen manufactured. Send for circular of testimonials from Professors of Schools and Colleges, and from prominent business houses. M. V. C. 3;28-3m.

PLASTIC SLATE

FOR

ROOFING

AND OTHER PURPOSES.

As a Roofing Material it stands unrivalled. A mastic—it adapts itself to every shape and slope. Non-combustible, impervious, non-expansive, and undecaying.

FROST DOES NOT CRACK NOR HEAT DISSOLVE IT.

The only roofing material ever discovered that will resist the action of the elements as long as the structure it protects. Being susceptible of little, if not any wear from exposure, and perfectly FIRE-PROOF. It is unequalled as a coating for Manufacturing and Farm Buildings, fences, bridges, bottoms of Vessels, Vaults, &c.

References given in any part of the county, or specimens shown to visitors. Apply by letter, or in person to

R. L. JONES, BENTLEYSVILLE, WASH. CO., PA.
S. H. DOAK, R. L. JONES,
Licensees of Wash. and Greene counties,
L. W. JONES, AGENT,
4;24-tf. Waynesburg, Pa.

THE WONDER OF THE AGE!

TIME, MONEY AND LABOR SAVED!

THE LATEST & BEST CHURN!

One of the latest Patents, issued on the 11th day of September, 1866, to Wm. R. McCutcheon, of Washington, Iowa, will be on exhibition in a few days at

JOHN MUNNELL'S,

in Waynesburg, Pa. This CHURN must supercede anything of the kind heretofore produced. The simpleness of its construction, and its two-fold or reversed motion, that produces butter from three to six minutes must induce the community to examine its qualities. It saves time—it saves work—and produces as much butter as any churn in existence. Mr. Munnell has full power to sell rights for Pennsylvania or New York State as well as to furnish Churns to citizens of this county.

MORRIS, ULLOM & CO.,
3;27-tf. Agents.

J. A. S.

The Jefferson Agricultural Society, of this County will hold its next annual Fair, at Jefferson on Thursday & Friday the 17th & 18th of October, prox. DAN'L. MOREDOCK, Pres.
Rec. Sec'y., E. H. DANNY. 28;8-3t.

Agricultural.

LIST OF PREMIUMS

OF THE

RICHHILL AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY!

FOR THEIR

SECOND ANNUAL EXHIBITION!

To be held at the Fair Grounds, in

JACKSONVILLE, WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, SEPT. 25TH & 26TH, 1867.

CLASS 1—HORSES—DIVISION NO. 1, QUICK DRAUGHT

Best Stallion 4 years old and upwards	$10 00
2nd do do do	5 00
Best brood mare with foal at ft. 4 ys old and upwards	6 00
2nd do do do	3 00
Best stallion 3 yrs. old and upwards	6 00
2nd do do do	3 00
Best gelding 3 yrs. old and upwards	5 00
2nd do do do	3 00
Best stallion 2 yrs. old and upwards	3 00
2nd do do do	1 50
Best mare 2 yrs. old and upwards	3 00
2nd do do do	1 50
Best stallion 1 year old and upwards	3 00
2nd do do do	2 00
Best mare 1 year old and upwards	3 00
2nd do do do	2 00
Best spring colt	2 00
2nd do do	1 00

Committee: E. Bane, L. T. Gray, W. Va.; Dr. S. Blachly, Washington county.

DIV. NO. 2—HEAVY DRAUGHT HORSES.

Best stallion 4 yrs. and upwards	$10 00
2nd do do do	5 00
Best gelding 4 yrs. and upwards	4 00
2nd do do do	2 00
Best stallion 3 yrs. and upwards	4 00
2nd do do do	2 00
Best gelding 3 yrs. and upwards	4 00
2nd do do do	2 00
Best mare 3 yrs. and upwards	4 00
2nd do do do	2 00
Best stallion 2 yrs. and upwards	3 00
2nd do do do	1 50
Best mare 2 yrs. old and upwards	3 00
2nd do do do	1 50
Best stallion 1 year old and upwards	3 00
2nd do do do	2 00
Best mare 1 year old	3 00
2nd do do	1 50
Best spring colt	2 00
2nd do do	1 50

Committee: Thos. Hill, Joshua Ackley, D. B. Jacobs.

DIV. NO. 3—HORSES FOR ALL PURPOSES.

Best stallion 4 years and upwards	$10 00
2nd do do do	5 00
Best mare 4 yrs. and upwards	4 00
2nd do do do	2 00
Best gelding 4 yrs. and upwards	4 00
2nd do do do	2 00
Best stallion 3 yrs. and upwards	4 00
2nd do do do	2 00
Best mare 3 yrs. and upwards	4 00
2nd do do do	2 00

Committee: Hiram Smith, A. J. Barker, John Jennings.

DIV. NO. 4—MATCH HORSES AND MARES.

Best pair matched horses	$ 8 00
2nd do do	4 00
Best pair matched mares	8 00
2nd do do	4 00
Best pair matched horses or mares for farm use	5 00
2nd do do	3 00

Committee: Jno. C. Flenniken, James W. Hays and J. A. Gray.

DIV. NO 5—TROTTING, PACING AND WALKING—HORSES AND MARES.

Best pacing or racking horse or mare	$50 00
2nd do do do	20 00
Best trotting horse or mare	60 00
2nd do do	30 00
Best walking horse or mare	4 00
2nd do do	2 00
Best riding animal	4 00
2nd do do	2 00
Best single driving horse or mare	4 00
2nd do do	2 00
Best family horse or mare	4 00
2nd do do	2 00

Committee: J. A. J. Buchanan, J. W. Walton and George Knisely.

DIV. NO. 6—THOROUGH BRED.

Best thorough bred stallion for all purposes	$12 00
2nd do do do	7 00

Pedigree of all horses on exhibition in this division must be produced.

Committee: John Parkinson, Esq., W. Va; Johnson Smith, Esq., and Isaac Booher.

CLASS 2—DIV. NO 1—SHORT HORN OR DURHAM PURE BLOODED.

Best bull 3 years and upwards	$ 8 00
2nd do do	4 00
Best cow 3 years and upwards	4 00
2nd do do	2 00
Best bull 2 years and upwards	4 00
2nd do do	2 00
Best heifer 2 years old	4 00
2nd do do	2 00
Best yearling bull	4 00
2nd do do	2 00
Best bull calf	2 00
2nd do do	1 00
Best heifer calf	2 00
2nd do do	1 00

Committee: Thomas Hughes, Elias Headley and John Burley, Esq., W. Va.

DIV. NO. 2—NATIVE OR GRADE.

Best bull 3 years and upwards	$ 5 00
2nd do do	3 00
Best cow 3 years and upwards	5 00
2nd do do	3 00
Best bull between two and three	3 00
2nd do do	2 00
Best heifer between two and three	3 00
2nd do do	2 00
Best bull calf	2 00
2nd do do	1 50
Best heifer calf	2 00
2nd do do	1 50

Committee: A. J. Goodwin, John G. Dinsmore and Jefferson Billick.

DIV. NO. 3—WORKING CATTLE AND BEEF CATTLE.

Best yoke of oxen	$ 8 00
2nd do do	4 00
Best beef animal	4 00
2nd do do	2 00
Best milch cow of any kind to be proven by the quantity of milk and butter within any period of six days within a year, the cow to been tered on Secretary's Book and produced, and satisfactory evidence given of the fact to the Committee	10 00
2nd do do do do do	5 00

Committee: R. McKenna, John Conkey, Esq., and Jacob Loar, Esq.

CLASS NO. 3—SHEEP—DIV. NO. 1—SPANISH BUCKS AND BUCK LAMBS.

Best Buck	$10 00
2nd do	5 00
Best yearling Buck	4 00
2nd do do	2 00
Best 1 to 5 Buck Lambs	4 00
2nd do do do	2 00

Committee: Thomas Iams, Samuel Harvey and John Patterson.

DIV. NO 2—SPANISH EWES AND EWE LAMBS.

Best 3 Ewes	$ 8 00
2nd do do	4 00
Best 5 Ewe Lambs	4 00
2nd do do do	2 00

Committee: Wm. H. Cook, James Patterson, jr., and Rev. Stephen Winget.

DIV. NO. 3.—LONG-WOOLED AND FAT SHEEP.

Best Leicester Buck	$ 5 00
Best 3 Ewes	3 50
Best 3 or more lambs	3 00
Best Cotswold Buck	2 00
Best 3 or more Ewes	3 00
Best 3 or more Lambs	2 00
Best Southdown Buck	5 00
Best 3 Ewes	3 00
Best 3 Lambs	2 00
Best fat sheep 3 to 5 in number	3 00
2nd do do do do	2 00

Committee: Edmund Smith, Andrew Smith, Francis Baldwin, W. Va.

DIV. NO. 4.—GRADE SHEEP.

Best grade Buck	$ 6 00
2nd do do	3 00
Best yearling Buck	4 00
2nd do do	2 00
Best 3 Ewes	5 00
2nd do do	3 00

Agricultural.

Best 3 yearling Ewes	3 00
2nd do do do	2 00
Best 3 Ewe Lambs	3 00
2nd do do do	2 00

Committee: Joseph Durbin, Wm. R. Fonner, Monroe White, J. T. Elbin, Esq., and John H. McGlumphy.

CLASS NO. 4.—WOOL.

Best 2 fleeces spanish	$ 2 00
2nd do do	1 00
Best 2 fleeces grade	2 00
2nd do do	1 00

Committee: Morgan R. Wise, Samuel Iams, Samuel Scott and James All, Washington county.

CLASS NO. 5—SWINE.

Best Boar	$ 4 00
2nd do	2 00
Best brood sow and pigs	4 00
2nd do do do	2 00
Best fat Hog	4 00
2nd do do	2 00
Best litter of pigs	2 00
2nd do do	1 00
Best pig	2 00
2nd do	1 00

Committee: Robert Bristor, Samuel Webster, John Church and Wm. Kent.

CLASS NO. 6—POULTRY.

Best pairs of Poland Shanghais, Dorkings and Dung Hills, each	1 00
2nd do do do do do	50
Best lot of poultry	2 00
Best pairs of geese, ducks, guinea hens, pea-fowls and turkeys, each	1 00
2nd do do do do do	50

Committee: Justice F. Temple, Peter Brown, Morgan Bell, Esqs., and Spencer Beabout.

CLASS NO. 7.—DOMESTIC MANUFACTORIES—DIV. NO. 1—WOOLEN.

Best flannels 3 yard wide, 5 yards	$ 2 00
2nd do do do	1 00
Best pair blankets	4 00
2nd do do	2 00
Best Casinett 3 yds. wide, 5 yds	2 00
2nd do do do do	1 00
Best Kentucky Jeans, 5 yards	2 00
2nd do do do	1 00
Best pair worsted socks	1 00
2nd do do do	50
Best pair of worsted hose	1 00
2nd do do do	50
Best carpet 1 yard wide, 5 yards	2 00
2nd do do do	1 00
Best rag carpet 1 yard wide, 5 yards	2 00
2nd do do do	1 00
Best Rug	1 00
2nd do	50

Committee: Mrs A. A. Purman, Mrs. D. M. Walton, Mrs Philip Marsh, Mrs. Drake Johnson, Mrs. A. J Hinerman, Esq., Mrs Dr. D. W. Gray and Mrs. J. K. Laughridge.

DIV. NO. 2.—LINEN.

B st linen 1 yard wide, 5 yard	$ 3 00
2nd do do do	1 00
Best table linen 5 yards	3 00
2nd do do do	1 50
Best linen thread 3 cuts	1 00
2nd do do do	50

Committee: Mrs. I. C. Booher, Mrs. Stephen Knight, Mrs. John N. Loar, Mrs. Geo. Knisely and Mrs. Samuel Harvey.

DIV. NO. 3.—COTTON.

Best coverlet	$ 2 00
2nd do	1 00
Best counter-pane	1 00
2nd do	50
Best

Business Cards.

T. W. ROSS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office in Jewell's building, West end of Main St., Waynesburg. 4:1-'66-tf.

SLATER ODENBAUGH,

DEALER IN DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

Liquors and everything pertaining to a first class Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded. "Creigh's Old Stand," Waynesburg Pa. 5:32-'66-1y.

GEO. S. JEFFERY,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

All business pertaining to the office attended to promptly. Office with P. & A. Telegraph Co., east of the Court House. 4:1-tf.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

OF WAYNESBURG

DISCOUNT DAY.....TUESDAYS.

D. BONER, Pres't. J. C. FLENNIKEN, Cashier.

May 16, '66-1y.

F. A. BALL,

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, etc., etc.

AT McCOY'S OLD STAND,

28:8-1y. Greensboro, Pa.

LEWIS DAY,

DEALER IN BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

Wall Paper, Window Paper, &c. Sunday School Books of all kinds constantly on hand, room in Mrs. Ruth's building, formerly occupied by Cotterell & Taylor, Waynesburg, Pa.

May 9, '66-1y.

WM. PAILEY,

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Keeps on hands always a choice and select assortment of Watches and Jewelry. Repairing done at the lowest rates. 4:1-'67-1y.

THE MONONGAHELA HOUSE,

RICE'S LANDING, GREENE COUNTY, PA.,

OLIVER & BAYARD, PROPRIETORS,

The best accommodations furnished the travelling public. House and appurtenances complete. Table always spread bountifully with the delicacies of the season. Horses for hire; feed and stabling at reasonable rates. 6:26-tf.

WM. T. WEBB, JR.,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,

(IN WILSON'S BUILDING, MAIN ST.)

Saddles, Bridles, Harness kept on hand and made to order. Work done in the best style, and at reasonable rates.

☞Repairing a speciality and short notice.

Farmer Friends glance at his stock. 4:21-1y.

DENTISTRY.

I have located in Waynesburg, and am occupying the late residence of Dr. S. S. Patton. Having taken great pains to become thoroughly acquainted with both the theory and practice of Dentistry, and having had an experience of seven years in the profession, I feel warranted in saying that my patients shall have no cause to complain of inferior operations. Extraction will be rendered painless, when desired, by the administration of "Laughing gas" or other anæsthetics. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted as represented. I will be at home WITHOUT FEE OR ADVENTURE from the fifteenth to the thirtieth of every month. JOS. S. HERTIG.

6:12-tf

MARBLE WORKS,

SUMMERSGILL & BRO.

(JEWELL'S OLD STAND, UPPER END OF TOWN.)

The public are respectfully informed that Summersgill & Bro. have just received a large stock of all kinds of

MARBLE WORK!

Such as Grave Stones, Monuments, Mantle Work, &c. We are prepared to furnish work at reasonable terms on short notice. Call and examine our stock, styles, and prices, before purchasing elsewhere. 5:9-tf.

SHERMAN HOUSE,

JUST OPENED BY

THOMAS BRADLEY.

Positively the most complete Hotel in our town. Everything combined to furnish the best accommodation ever yet offered to the public.

Meals furnished at all hours, table provided with the best of the season.

Travellers and those desirous of refreshment will do well to call. "Tom" still retains his old reputation of an accommodating gentleman, and hospitable landlord. House, the one formerly occupied by the "Messenger" Office. 5:6'66-1y.

JOHN H. HOFFMAN,

MORGANTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA.

ATTORNEY FOR COLLECTING

PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY,

AND ALL MILITARY CLAIMS.

Having had 17 years experience in prosecuting such claims, I have become familiar with the various Laws—and the large amount of record evidence in my possession enables me to be very successful in prosecuting suspended claims, and in many instances have proved successful when the claimant had long given them up in despair. No matter how difficult the claim so it is just.

8:28-1y.

ROBERT DOUGHERTY,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER, WAYNESBURG, PA.

Respectfully gives notice that he has located in Waynesburg, Pa., where he intends to manufacture

CARRIAGES

Of every description. From his experience in the business he feels confident that his work, in style, finish and durability, will give entire satisfaction. It is his determination to purchase the best material in market, and employ none but competent workmen.

☞All work warranted for one year.☜

2:21-'60-tf.

WAYNESBURG MARBLE AND STONE WORKS.

SAYERS & RINEHART.

Still continue to carry on the Marble and Stone cutting business at their long established stand immediate east of the Public Square, between High and Greene streets, Waynesburg, Pa.

This establishment has been in constant operation since 1839, and the long experience and energy of the proprietors, linked with the exercise of sound judgment and good taste, have won for them a wide spread and enviable reputation. An extensive stock of the various varieties of the best marble kept constantly on hand. Special attention paid to polishing, pressing, carving and engraving.

All orders promptly filled. 4:23-'66-tf.

GEORGE C. STURGISS, Attorney at Law. JOHN C. WAGNER, Notary Public.

STURGISS & WAGNER,

UNITED STATES CLAIM AND GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.

☞For the adjustment of CLAIMS, of all kinds against the United States, such as

PENSIONS, INCREASE OF PENSIONS, BOUNTY, $100 EXTRA BOUNTY,

and those of any other class call on or write to the Military and Naval Agency of

STURGISS & WAGNER,

Walnut St., 1 door below Hagans' corner, (Up Stairs.)

8:21,'67-6m MORGANTOWN, W. VA.

E. A. TINKER.....H. L. MAPEL.

TINKER & MAPEL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF

HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP,

AT THEIR OWN YARDS,

WEST BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

ADJOINING MD. LIVE STOCK SCALES.

Consignments respectfully solicited. All communications promptly answered. Post Office Address—Box 1500. 7:24-1y.

Groceries &c.

NEW EXCITEMENT!

THE PROPOSED IMPEACHMENT

—OF—

H. RINEHART!

FOR SELLING CHEAP GROCERIES!

—o—

Having just returned from the city, he has opened the largest

NEW GROCERY!

in town. He desires to inform the citizens of Waynesburg and vicinity of the care he has taken in selecting his stock, having on hand a good supply of

CONFECTIONS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, TAR, also, PROVISIONS, BACON DRIED BEEF, POTATOES, FISH, DRIED PEACHES, &c., &c., &c., &c.

Call and see him as he has been getting

A NEW SUPPLY!!

You will find him accommodating, and can sell lower than any one in the place. Be sure to go to the right place, in

LEDWITH'S OLD BUILDING,

Opposite the Court House and formerly occupied by the Post Office. 4:18-'66-tf.

RECONSTRUCTION!

NOT OF THE UNION,

BUT OF

ISAAC HOOPER'S

GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY!

Mr. Hooper would still have his friends and patrons bear in mind, that he continues in the Grocery and Confectionery trade at his usual place of doing business, and that he has just received

A FRESH SUPPLY

of the best quality of all articles in his line.

TOYS—NOTIONS, and a great variety of useful articles always on hand.

REFRESHMENTS.

In connection with the above, Mr. Hooper keeps a Restaurant, where

ICE CREAM, BERRIES,

And all the luxuries of the season can be obtained.

The most attractive and most popular resort in town. 6:11-'65-1y.

WILLIAM WALLACE,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS!

OPPOSITE WEST OF TYLER BROW'S STORE.

We have just received a well selected stock of Choice FAMILY GROCERIES, which we purchased for cash and are confident that we can supply our customers and all who may favor us with a call, as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the county.

COFFEES,
SUGARS,
MOLASSES,
SYRUPS,
TEAS,
RICE,
SODA,
TOBACCOS,
CIGARS,
SNUFFS, CANDLES, SOAPS, EXTRACT, COFFEE, STRAWBERRIES, JELLIES,
&c., &c., &c.

Don't fail to examine our stock and see for yourselves, for we are determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest. 5:5-tf '67

JOHN HUGHES.....THOMAS LUCAS.

T. LUCAS & CO.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

And dealers in Groceries, Hardware, Leather, Shoe Findings, Iron, Nails, Salt, Fish, &c. Also, agents for Aubrey, Cromlow & Coan's Window Sash. A supply kept constantly on hands. Rice's Landing, Pa., above the RVS. 6:5-tf.

LAZEAR BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 77, EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

JAS. B. LAZEAR,
WM. L. LAZEAR. 5:15-1y.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As the firm of HUGHES & LUCAS is dissolved by mutual consent, the Commission business will still be carried on at the old stand, in good order, and on the most reasonable terms, in the name and style of L. HUGHES & CO., (senior partner.) They flatter themselves, by having the House and the best location in the place for that business, that they will RECEIVE a liberal share of the public patronage.

They will also keep a good supply of GROCERIES on hand to accommodate all who may favor them with a call.

L. HUGHES & CO.,
4:10-tf. Rice's Landing, Pa.

SOMETHING NEW

IN WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

THOS. BRADEN & CO.,

(At the store room formerly occupied by Andrew Wilson, Sr., next door to Braden's Drug Store,)

Respectfully informs the good people of Greene county, that they have opened a

HARDWARE STORE!

And invites a call from their friends and the public generally. Their store is filled with everything in their line needed by the farmer and mechanic. Being practical farmers, they know exactly the wants of their farmer friends. Among their variety of goods will be found Iron, Nails, of all kinds, Planes of all varieties, Augers, Braces, &c. Tuttle toothed, cross cut and mill saws, hand saws and tools of all descriptions.

AGRICTLTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Mowing Machines, Cutting Boxes, Corn Shellers, Plows, Cultivators, Shovels, Forks, and everything in their line.

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

A general assortment of saddlery hardware, to which they invite the attention of purchasers.

WOODEN WARE OF ALL KINDS.

Tubs, Buckets, Butter Bowls and all kinds of Kitchen Wooden Fixin's. Willow Baskets, Brooms, Brushes, Coal Buckets, Brass Kettles, Buggy Whips, Shot guns, Boys Wagons and Sleds.

All persons desirous of purchasing any of the above articles and many others not mentioned, will consult their interest by

CALLING SOON.

They will take pleasure in showing their stock at all times. So give them a call when you come to town. Remember the place, opposite the First National Bank.

12:12-tf. T. BRADEN & CO.

Dry Goods.

NEW SUMMER GOODS.

SHIRK & SUTTON,

(SUCCESSORS TO A. WILSON, JR., WAYNESBURG.)

We have removed to Waynesburg, and respectfully inform our friends and the public that we are now receiving a beautiful assortment of

CHEAP DRY GOODS,

For the Spring trade, to which we invite the attention of our old customers and all others to an examination of our stock, which embraces the

LATEST SUMMER STYLES,

Of Dress Goods of all descriptions, very pretty and at very astonishing low prices! And are determined no one shall sell

BETTER GOODS

at less prices than we do. We call attention to our stock of Millinery Trimmings Balmoral and Hoop Skirts, Hosiery, Gloves and Ribbons.

CALICO AND MUSLINS!

And every variety of goods usually kept in a first class Store. Men and Boys'

FURNISHING GOODS!

of all kinds, Men and Boys' Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes,

GROCERIES, NOTIONS, QUEENSWARE,

&c., &c. It would be useless to undertake to enumerate all our goods. We will endeavor to make it to your interest to deal with us.

☞We hope by giving strict attention to business and honorable dealing, to merit a liberal share of patronage. Drop in at all events.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE,

at A. Wilson's Store room, in Wilson's New Building, Waynesburg, Pa. 4:24-tf '67.

SOMETHING NEW!

MRS. E. S. SAYERS & HOSKINSON

Have just arrived from the East with a large assortment of foreign and domestic

DRY GOODS,

SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES!

which they propose to sell at the lowest CASH prices! such as Dress Goods, Dress Trimming, Dress Buttons, Ladies Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps; also, a great variety of nice articles, at very low prices for

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES' WEAR.

Wares of all kinds, and a complete variety of the best GROCERIES. All of which they propose to sell at the very lowest figures, depending on the quality and cheapness of their goods to gain them custom.

Give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, and they will prove that the above is correct. Room in Allison's building, nearly opposite the Court House, Waynesburg. 4:1, '67-tf

BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY!

OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, &c.,

AT

EVANS' ESTABLISHMENT.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

OF

EVERYTHING IN THE LINE!

Wishing to close out for the Fall trade, he offers his goods at astonishing low rates for cash. The stock is as late as the latest and the best in market.

Minor's Building, opposite the Greene House. 4:21-3m. I. K. EVANS.

NEW STORE!

FRANK. M'GURGAN,

Has just opened a firt class

STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C., &C.

In the Store Room of George E. Minor, and nearly opposite the Farmers' & Drovers' National Bank,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

This stock is

ALL NEW AND FRESH!

He would respectfully invite the public to call and examine his large and fashionable stock. His taste and experience in selecting goods; his energy and determination to please the public has rendered his a

FIRST CLASS STORE!

His stock embraces a large assortment of

GENTLEMENS' CLOTHING!

of the most fashionable and durable qualities. Also, the finest quality of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS, HEAVY DRESS SILKS WITH WHITE EDGE,

and a full assortment of Fancy Figured Silks of all colors. Also, Empress Cloth, Poplins, Mozambiques, Wool Delains double widths, Silk Shawls, Ristori Shawls, Silk Sacques latest style, Parasols, Fancy Fans, English Ribbons and other ribbons of all colors and widths; Hats, wreaths and Flowers, Lace Handkerchiefs and Embroideries, and a full assortment of

TRIMMINGS IN GENERAL.

Also, Counter Panes, Lace Curtains, Piano Covers, Melodeon Covers, Side Table Covers, and in short a full stock of all goods usually kept in a first class Trimming Store.

Don't forget the place, in the NEW STORE ROOM of Geo. E. Minor.

8:7-tf FRANK. M'GURGAN.

Educational.

WEST VIRGINIA COLLEGE.

This institution is now fully organized and ready to go into operation on the first Monday in September. We call attention to a few particulars in connection with it deserving the attention of students and the friends of education.

1. The design of the College is to promote the liberal and practical Education of the youth of our country in the several pursuits and professions of life.

2. The Buildings consist of first, the College, built originally by Col. Thomas P. Ray, a gentleman of taste and means; and subsequently much enlarged by the "Woodburn" association. The grounds include more than 28 acres, tastefully laid out; that part not in cultivation being ornamented with forest and fruit trees; beautiful shrubery, flowers, etc. Secondly, the Academy, a large and substantial building, conveniently arranged for study, recitation and lecture, and surrounded with ample grounds, shade trees, etc. Both of the above have been thoroughly renovated and made as good as new.

MORGANTOWN, the seat of the College, is unsurpassed for health, good order, and morality. The views and scenery, embracing mountain, river, forests, and farms are exceedingly attractive and picturesque. Coaches leaving every morning to and from Fairmont, on the Balto. & O. R. R. There is daily communication, by steamboat, between Pittsburgh and Geneva, 12 miles below Morgantown. A boat is being built to ply regularly on the upper Monongahela as often as the stage of water will permit, which is usually several months in the year. There is also conveyance, on alternate days, between Morgantown and Uniontown, Pa. A place more elegible for the quiet and successful pursuit of science and literature is no where to be found.

4. THE DEPARTMENTS OF Instruction are as follows, viz:

(1.) Preparatory, where young men and ladies are thoroughly drilled and taught in the common English branches and other studies required for entering the College classes proper.

(2.) Literary, embracing a Full Course in the ordinary curriculum of our best American Colleges.

(3.) Scientific, designed for those whose pursuits require thorough culture and discipline, and an extensive acquaintance with the sciences.

(4.) Agricultural, in which special attention will be given to the various branches of practical Agriculture, Horticulture, Rural Economy, and the Mechanic Arts.

(5.) Military Tactics.

(6.) Students preparing to Teach in our Common Schools will receive especial attention and assistance. It is designed to establish a Normal Class during one or more Terms in each year in which the ordinary school studies will be carefully reviewed, exactness and readiness in explanation and definition acquired, and instruction in the most approved methods of organizing and conducting schools imparted.

5. THE FACULTY OF THE COLLEGE is composed of the best Educators that could be found. All the Professors are experienced and practical men and earnestly devoted to the several departments of study assigned them.

THE COLLEGE YEAR consists of 39 weeks, divided into three Terms of thirteen weeks each. A short vacation of about one week intervenes between the first and second, and second and third Terms. Also a recess of one week at Christmas. The following is the Calendar for the College Year 1867-8: September 2, First Term begins, November 30, First Term ends. December 1, Second Term begins. December 25, Winter Recess of one week. March 19, 1868, Second Term ends, March 16, Third Term begins. June 17, Meeting of Board of Visitors. June 18, Third Term ends. Commencement.

THE RATES OF TUITION, per Term, are as follows, viz:

Primary Classes, payable in advance,.....$5.00
Preparatory.....".....5.00
Collegiate.....".....8.00

Students in the Preparatory Department pay one dollar, and in the College, two dollars, per Term, extra for Ore. This is scarcely half what is charged, for the same purpose, by other schools of similar grade.

Good boarding, including every thing, except lights and washing, can be had, in the College, for $2.50 per week. Those in charge of this arrangement are entirely reliable, Some Teachers and their families, will also occupy the building.

9 THE LIBRARY is about to receive a small but choice selection of valuable works in Science, Literature and Art. Such apparatus as the means and demands of the College admit and require will be procured. We earnestly request our numerous friends to make contributions to our Library shelves. Also to collect and forward to us specimens for the Geological Cabinet, the Museums of Minerals, Natural History, etc. Such contributions will be thankfully received, carefully preserved, and the date of reception, locality where procured, and name of donor permanently attached.

THERE are two Literary Societies in connection with the College, furnished with suitable Halls, and whose several exercises are, in many respects, of great advantage to the student. The authorities of the College will afford every facility for increasing the accommodations and usefulness of these valuable auxilliaries.

CIRCULARS and further information can be had by addressing the President of the College or any one of the undersigned.

FACULTY OF THE COLLEGE.

Rev. Alex. Martin, D. D., President, and Professor of Mental and Moral Philosophy.

Rev. J. W. Scott, D. D., Vice President, and Professor of Languages.

Col. J. R. Weaver, A. M., Professor of Mathematics and Military Tactics.

Prof. S. G. Stevens, A. M. Professor of Natural Sciences.

Prof. S. F. Lyon, A. M., Professor of English Literature and Principal of Preparatory Department.

Geo. M. Hagans, Esq., one of our most successful business men, and an experienced Agriculturalist, has consented to act as Superintendent. Tutors and Assistant Teachers, in the various departments, will be employed by the Executive Committee, from time to time, as there may be occasion.

BOARD OF VISITORS.

No. of Dist.	Member of Board.	P. O. Address
1	T. H. LOGAN,	Wheeling.
2	D. R. DORSEY,	Fairmont.
3	GEO. M. HAGANS,	Morgantown.
4	S. BILLINGSLEY,	Middleburne.
5	W. E. STEVENSON,	Parkersburg.
6	L. LOOMIS GOULD,	Buckhannon.
7	W. W. HARPER,	Point Pleasant.
8	MARK POE,	Cerveio.
9	SAMUEL YOUNG,	Edray.
10	JOSEPH T. HOKE,	Martinsburg.
11	JAMES ARSKADOS,	New Creek.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Geo. M. Hagans, Geo. C. Sturgiss, Ashbel Fairchild, F. M. Dunlap and J. A. Dille. 8:21-tf.

BUSINESS MAN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

Nos. 4 AND 8 ST. CLAIR STREET,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

This institution has been in operation for a number of years, and is conducted successfully by an able corps of teachers, whose object is to make each pupil understand thoroughly every branch of a

BUSINESS EDUCATION,

to prepare them for

BUSINESS MEN!

Book-keeping, Penmanship and Arithmetic, (time unlimited,)	$40.00
Book-keeping, Penmanship and Arithmetic 3 months,	30.00
Business and Ornamental Penmanship per month	10.00
Common English Branches per month	10.00
Algebra, Phonography and Business Correspondence according to agreement.	

All our specimens are executed with a pen.

A full course can be completed in eight weeks.

For circular or specimens, address

8:7-3mos. N. SHAFFER.

BOUNTY TAX REPORT.

From Center Tp., for the year 1867, Stephen Strawn, collector.

DR.

To amount of duplicate		$3954 11
CR.		
Paid in First National Bank of Waynesburg,	$2975 00	
Percentage for collecting and paying out,	59 50	
Exonerations, on duplicate,	185 35	
Amount remaining in the hands of Collector Strawn,	433 69—	3654 11

We, the undersigned auditors, certify that the above statement is correct, according to the information given us by the Collector and Treasurer of said Bounty tax.

N. KETCHAM,
S. WOODS,
8:21-3w Auditors.

E. M. SAYERS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

In addition to other business will attend to all cases in Bankruptcy that may be entrusted to his care. Office, opposite Drug Store of G. W. Roberts & Co.

U. S. INTERNAL REV. NOTICE.

All persons wishing Government License or information as to the payment of other Government Taxes, residing in Division No. 9, composed of Marion, Franklin, Wayne, Aleppo, Gilmore, Springhill, Centre, Jackson, Richhill and Morris townships will call on me at my office in Waynesburg. SIMON RINEHART,

U. S. Ass't Assessor Div. No. 9, 28th Dist. of Pa.

8:7-tf

Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Waynesburg, on

TUESDAY, 17TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER,

next, at one o'clock, P. M., the following property, viz: All the right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to a certain tract of land situate in Aleppo township, Greene county, Pa., containing

EIGHTY ACRES!

more or less, about Forty acres of which is cleared, on which is erected one Hewed Log Dwelling House, Log Stable and other out buildings, an Apple Orchard, &c. Adjoining lands of James Parson, Archibald Clendenning, Eli Jacobs and others.

ALSO,

Same time and place, another tract of land situate in Aleppo township, Greene county, Pa., containing

TWO HUNDRED ACRES!

more or less, about Eighty acres of which is cleared, and has erected thereon one Log Dwelling House, one Tenant House, Log Barn, Saw Mill and Choppers attached; some Fruit Trees on the premises. Adjoining lands of Henry Staggers, John Wood and the heirs of James Staggers, dec'd., and others.

Taken in execution as the property of Nehemiah Woodruff, at the suit of R. W. Downey.

8:28-3t. HEATH JOHNS, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House in Waynesburg, on

TUESDAY, 17TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER,

next at one o'clock, P. M., the following property, viz: All the right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to a certain tract of land situate in Jefferson township, Greene county, Pa., containing

FIFTY ACRES!

more or less, about Twenty acres cleared, and has erected thereon one Log House, Corn Cribs and some Fruit Trees. Adjoining lands of Wm. Kinnaid, Hugh C. Houlsworth and others.

Taken in execution as the property of the Clifton Petroleum Oil Company, at the suit of Morgan W. Zollars.

8:28,-3t HEATH JOHNS, Sheriff.

VALUABLE GRIST MILL AND DISTILLERY FOR SALE

The subscriber will offer at public sale in front of the court house, in Waynesburg, on TUESDAY, the 17th day of September, next,

THE GRIST MILL AND DISTILLERY,

situate on the State Road, one mile east of Waynesburg, known as the "Lantz mill." There will be sold with the property all the land lying north of the State road, and east of the road across Ten Mile creek, containing about three acres. The machinery is driven both by

STEAM AND WATER POWER!

and is a desirable property for persons inclined to engage in such business.

The Terms will be one-third in hand and the balance of the purchase money in two annual payments, with interest from the sale.

Peter to John Phelan, Esq., in Waynesburg, or to the subscriber on the premises.

8:28-4t RUTH E. PORTER.

EXECUTORS' SALE!

The undersigned Executors of Peter A. Myers, dec'd., will sell at public sale on

SATURDAY, 14TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER

next, the following described Real Estate, situate in Greene township, Greene county, Pa., one

TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE,

The homestead, and ten acres of land adjoining, at Garrard's Fort. There is on the premises a good stable, smoke-house, wood-house, shed and cellar, orchard and small fruits. This property is well calculated for

PUBLIC HOUSE, STORE OR ANY PUBLIC BUSINESS.

Good mills, stores, shops and churches in the vicinity.

—ALSO—

One farm containing SIXTY ACRES! adjoining lands of Corbly Garrard, A. Jemison and others, fifty of which are cleared, all under good fence and well watered. This is excellent grazing land.

TERMS: made known on day of sale by

JACOB RAMER,
A. L. MYERS,
8:28-4t Executors.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Greene county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in Waynesburg, on

SATURDAY, 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER

next, at one o'clock, P. M., the following property, viz: All the right, title, interest and claim of defendant of, in and to a certain House and lot situate in Waynesburg, Greene county, Pa., adjoining lots of A. R. Miller on the north, the Washington road on the west, an alley on the east and Franklin St. on the south.

Taken in execution as the property of Absalom Hedge at the suit of Dr. Jonathan Simpson.

8:14-3t. HEATH JOHNS, Sh'ff.

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.

By virtue of a decree and in pursuance of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Greene county, I will expose to public sale, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1867,

a certain messuage and tract of land situate in Jefferson township, adjoining lands of John and George Rex, Richard Hawkins, Hon. Thos. P. Pollock, Thos. Sharpneck and Daniel Murdock; containing

ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SIX AND THREE-FOURTH ACRES,

more or less, about one hundred acres of which are cleared, and has thereon a hewed log dwelling house, a stable and sheep-shed, apple orchard, coal, lime-stone, &c.; being the property of the estate of

ISAAC BLACKLEDGE, DEC'D.

The same will be sold in one or two parcels, as may be deemed best for those interested in the estate. LEVI BLACKLEDGE,

7:31-4w Trustee.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE!

WITH GRIST MILL, SAW MILL, COAL BANKS, &C.

The undersigned offers at private sale that valuable property, situate on the Monongahela River, at the Mouth of Muddy Creek, Greene county, Penn'a., containing about forty-five (45) acres of rich bottom land. There is on the premises a valuable

STEAM ENGINE!

which will be included in the sale. The Coal Banks is open and shows an inexhaustable supply. No more desirable location for a Distillery can be found in the State.

For further particulars apply to E. A. Flenniken, Davidson's Ferry, Greene county, Pa., or by letter to the undersigned.

JOHN M. DARRAH,
5:8-3m Hartsville, Bucks Co., Pa.

LAND SALE.

For sale, 1,500 acres of Timber Land, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, near Littleton station, West Va., on which there is a Steam Saw Mill, Tannery and abundance of the best kind of Stave, Building and Stave Timber. Is rich and well adapted to grazing, and will be cut in parcels to suit purchasers. Apply to O. Marshall near the premises, or to Dawson Adams, Waynesburg, Greene County, Pa.

6:26-6m

Decedents' Estates.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of John Murdock, Sr., of Greene county, Penn'a., dec'd.; notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB H. MORDOCK,
JAMES H. FORDYCE,
8:14-6w of Greene tp., administrators.

Clothing.

WONDERS NEVER CEASE!

AT THE

CLOTHING STORE

OF

N. CLARK & SON.

It is no longer impossible to get a full suit for $7 50, of good material, that we will warrant to give entire satisfaction. Light Cassimere Pants and Vest, for $4 50, fine and nice style; Summer Pants and Vest for $3 50, the very best all wool

CASSIMERE SUITS!

from 20 to 25 dollars; the same that has cost you 35 dollars. A large and beautiful stock of

HATS AND CAPS!

The newest and best styles, the more elegant are the Henrietta, St. Cloud, Yacht, Broadway and

PEABODY CAP!

The cap deriving its name from

ENGLAND AND AMERICA'S

Munificent benefactor—MR. GEO. PEABODY. Every American youth who loves her greatest Benefactor should not fail to have one of those CAPS. A full and complete assortment of Gentlemen's furnishing goods. We have the New York Mill and Wamsutta Muslin Shirts; two of the best brands of muslin manufactured.

THE CELEBRATED ENGLISH RUFFLE SHIRT.

Wool and Cassimere Shirts, Fine Corset Jean Drawers and Summer Undershirts, Linen Handkerchiefs, Gloves and Hosiery, with ties, bows and scarfs, in endless variety. The Eugene, Victoria, and Isabella Bow, the very newest, the Zephyr Scarf, 7/00 Paper Collars, of all styles, Ward's Shakespeare, Linen Imitation, Water Proof, Embroidered, Keystone, Goldsmith's Phœnix, Greys, &c., &c.

A few lately receive cassimeres that will be sold by the yard. We kindly ask you to compare prices before buying. 5:22-'67-1y

GUIHER!

GUIHER AGAINST THE WORLD!

ANOTHER HUGE ARRIVAL!

Determined to be foremost in everything, Guiher has just received the

LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK

OF GOODS

Ever brought to Waynesburg.

Go to Guiher's,
Go to Guiher's,
Go to Guiher's,

If you want
If you want
If you want

Cheap Goods!!
Cheap Goods!!
Cheap Goods!!

7:17-'67.

IMPORTANT TO

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS!

WAYNESBURG STEAM PLANING MILL.

It gives us pleasure to announce to the public the completion of this work and the readiness of the proprietors to

RECEIVE ORDERS!

AND

MAKE CONTRACTS!

The best improved machinery is used. Planing, Ploughing and Grooving, Sash and Door Making, Panelling, Ripping, moulding &c., rapidly and skilfully executed. Ruling prices paid for

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER!

They are also prepared to do all kinds of Carpenter Work, with the utmost promptness, and in the most substantial manner.

They respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, and flatter themselves that they will in all cases be able to

GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION!

All orders promptly attended to.

BRADEN, WALTON & SAYERS,

5:14-tf. Waynesburg, Pa.

Drugs, &c.

THE RUSH IS NOW AT

SLATER ODENBAUGH'S

DRUG STORE!

He respectfully informs the citizens and physicians generally, that he has received the largest and finest stock of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

ever offered to this market, which he will

SELL CHEAPER

than can be purchased anywhere else in the county.

PAINTS OF ALL KINDS!

Dry and in oil, of the very best quality, cheaper than the cheapest.

DYE STUFFS,

of the very finest selection.

OLD LIQUORS!

of all kinds, the finest that can be procured in the State. The

UNYIELDING LUNG SYRUP!

A remedy unsurpassed for the cure of bleeding of the lungs, spitting of blood, soreness of the breast and chest. Will change the frail yellow complexion to one of health, and will cure dyspepsia. This syrup is one of the most useful medicines of the day. This is a late medicine and we do not know of it failing in a single case—try it.

Also, all other prominent patent medicines always on hand. Together with the Cough Exterminator, the best in use for Diseases of the throat, coughs, &c.

Also, a syrup the only remedy for hooping cough, all for sale at S. Odenbaugh's Drug Store. 6:19-6m.

FOUTZ'S

CELEBRATED

Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly reinvigorate broken-down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.

It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite, gives a smooth and glossy skin—and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine-looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It increases the quantity and improves the quality of the milk. It has been proven by actual experiment to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent, and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.

Price 25 Cents per Paper, or 5 Papers for $1.

PREPARED BY

S. A. FOUTZ & BRO.,

AT THEIR

WHOLESALE DRUG AND MEDICINE DEPOT,

No. 116 Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.

For Sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States.

G. W. Roberts & Co., Agents, Waynesburg, Pa. 11:21,'66-1y

Special Notices.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

The Most Successful Medicines in the World.

Established in 1835 by one of our Most Eminent Physicians, and now used throughout North and South America, with more pleasing results than any other Medicine in cases of diseased Liver, Blood or Skin, Indigestion, Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism and Fever and Ague.

Thousands of certificates are in our possession, giving detailed accounts of perfect CURES effected by these invaluable Medicines. They regulate the System and put all the functions of the body in a healthy condition.

Sold by all Druggists. White & Howland, Proprietors, Successors to Dr. John Moffat and Dr. W. B. Moffat, New York.

☞Shattered Constitutions Restored by Helmbold's Extract Buchu. 3:13,'67-eowly.

DR. SCHENCK'S

MANDRAKE PILLS.

A Substitute for Calomel.

These Pills are composed of various roots, having the power to relax the secretions of the liver as promptly and effectually as blue pill or mercury, and without producing any of those disagreeable or dangerous effects which often follow the use of the latter.

In all bilious disorders these Pills may be used with confidence, as they promote the discharge of vitiated bile, and remove those obstructions from the liver and biliary ducts, which are the cause of bilious affections in general.

SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS cure Sick Headache, and all disorders of the Liver, indicated by sallow skin, coated tongue, costiveness, drowsiness, and a general feeling of weariness and lassitude, showing that the liver is in a torpid or obstructed condition.

In short, these Pills may be used with advantage in all cases when a purgative or alterative medicine is required.

Please ask for "Dr. Schenck's Mandrake Pills," and observe that the two likenesses of the Doctor are on the Government stamp—one when in the last stage of Consumption, and the other in his present health.

Sold by all Druggists and dealers. Price 25 cents per box. Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

General Wholesale Agents: Demas Barnes & Co., 21 Park Row, New York; S. S. Hance, 108 Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md.; John D. Park, N. E. cor. of Fourth and Walnut St., Cincinnati, Ohio; Walker & Taylor, 134 and 136 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.; Collins Brothers, southwest corner of Second and Vine Sts., St. Louis, Mo.

(4th & 5th w. co. mo.) 1yr.

☞Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. 3:13eow-1y.

☞Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action. 3:13eow-1y